

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. SUBSTANCE AND SOURCE IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

SRM Number:460SRM Name:Beryllium-Copper AlloyOther Means of Identification:Not applicable.

Recommended Use of This Material and Restrictions of Use

This Standard Reference Material (SRM) is intended primarily for use in chemical methods of analysis. A unit of SRM 460 consists of approximately 50 g of material in the form of chips sized between 0.50 mm and 1.18 mm sieve openings.

Company Information

National Institute of Standards and Technology Standard Reference Materials Program 100 Bureau Drive, Stop 2300 Gaithersburg, Maryland 20899-2300

Telephone: 301-975-2200 FAX: 301-948-3730 E-mail: SRMMSDS@nist.gov Website: http://www.nist.gov/srm Emergency Telephone ChemTrec: 1-800-424-9300 (North America) +1-703-527-3887 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Note: This material is formed to a specific shape or design during manufacture which under normal conditions of use does not release more than very small quantities, e.g., minute or trace amounts of a hazardous chemical (as determined under paragraph (d) of 1910.1200), and does not pose a physical hazard or health risk to employees.

Classification

Physical Hazard:Not classified.Health Hazard:Not classified.

Label Elements Symbol: No Symbol.

Signal Word: No Signal Word.

Hazard Statement(s): Not applicable.

Precautionary Statement(s): Not applicable.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified: Not applicable.

Ingredients(s) with Unknown Acute Toxicity: Not applicable.

3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Substance: Beryllium-Copper Alloy

Other Designations: Copper alloy base; BeCu

| Hazardous Component(s) | CAS Number | EC Number (EINECS) | Nominal Mass Concentration (%) |
|---|------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Beryllium-Copper Alloy Individual Hazardous Components | 11133-98-5 | not applicable | 100 |
| Lead | 7439-92-1 | 231-100-4 | 0.26 |
| Cobalt | 7440-48-4 | 231-158-0 | 0.22 |

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First Aid Measures:

Inhalation: If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or oxygen by qualified personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

Skin Contact: Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. If necessary, seek medical attention.

Ingestion: If adverse effects occur after ingestion, seek medical treatment.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed: This material is formed to a specific shape or design during manufacture which under normal conditions of use does not release more than very small quantities.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary: If any of the above symptoms are present, seek medical attention if needed.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire and Explosion Hazards: Negligible fire and explosion hazard in bulk form. Dust/air mixtures may ignite or explode. See Section 9, "Physical and Chemical Properties" for flammability properties.

Extinguishing Media:

Suitable: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire. Unsuitable: None listed.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical: None listed.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-Fighters: Avoid inhalation of material or combustion byproducts. Wear full protective clothing and NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

NFPA Ratings (0 = Minimal; 1 = Slight; 2 = Moderate; 3 = Serious; 4 = Severe)

Health = 0 Fire = 0 Reactivity = 0

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures: Any accumulated material on surfaces should be removed and properly disposed of. Use suitable protective equipment; see Section 8, "Exposure Controls and Personal Protection".

Methods and Materials for Containment and Clean up: Do not touch spilled material. Notify safety personnel of spills. Collect spilled material in appropriate container for disposal. Isolate hazard area and deny entry.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Safe Handling Precautions: Minimize dust generation and accumulation on surfaces. See Section 8, "Exposure Controls and Personal Protection".

Storage: Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Keep separated from incompatible substances (see Section 10, "Stability and Reactivity").

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits: No occupational exposure limits have been established for this alloy.

Engineering Controls: Provide local exhaust or process enclosure ventilation system. Ensure compliance with applicable exposure limits.

Personal Protection: In accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, subpart I, wear appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) to minimize exposure to this material.

Respiratory Protection: If workplace conditions warrant a respirator, a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29CFR 1910.134 must be followed. Refer to NIOSH 42 CFR 84 for applicable certified respirators.

Eye/Face Protection: Wear splash resistant safety goggles with a face shield. An eye wash station should be readily available near areas of use.

Skin and Body Protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Chemical-resistant gloves should be worn at all times when handling chemicals.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Descriptive Properties:

| Appearance | solid chips |
|---|----------------|
| (physical state, color, etc.): | L. |
| Molecular Formula: | not applicable |
| Molar Mass (g/mol): | not applicable |
| Odor: | not available |
| Odor threshold: | not available |
| рН: | not available |
| Evaporation rate: | not applicable |
| Melting point/freezing point (°C): | not available |
| Relative Density (g/L): | not available |
| Vapor Pressure (mmHg): | not applicable |
| Vapor Density (air = 1): | not applicable |
| Viscosity (cP): | not applicable |
| Solubility(ies): | not available |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): | not available |
| Particle Size (mm): | 0.50 to 1.18 |
| Thermal Stability Properties: | |
| Autoignition Temperature (°C): | not available |
| Thermal Decomposition (°C): | not available |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C): | not available |
| Explosive Limits, LEL (Volume %): | not available |
| Explosive Limits, UEL (Volume %): | not available |
| Flash Point (°C): | not available |
| Flammability (solid, gas): | not available |
| | |

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.

 Stability:
 X
 Stable
 Unstable

Possible Hazardous Reactions: None listed.

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid generating dust.

Incompatible Materials: Acids, bases, halocarbons, oxidizing materials, halogens, metals, combustible materials, lithium, metal salts, peroxides, reducing agents, metal oxides.

Fire/Explosion Information: See Section 5, "Fire Fighting Measures".

Hazardous Decomposition: Miscellaneous decomposition products.

Hazardous Polymerization: _____ Will Occur ____ X ___ Will Not Occur

| 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | |

 Route of Exposure:
 X
 Inhalation
 X
 Skin
 X
 Ingestion

 Symptoms Related to the Physical, Chemical and Toxicological Characteristics:
 This material is formed to a specific shape or design during manufacture which under normal conditions of use does not release more than very

Potential Health Effects (Acute, Chronic and Delayed):

small quantities. The material may cause coughing if dust is inhaled.

Inhalation:

Beryllium: Brief, intense exposure to pulmonary irritants may cause severe chemical pneumonitis. Symptoms may include bronchial spasm, nasopharyngitis, tracheobronchitis, cough, blood tinged sputum, dyspnea, cyanosis, nasal discharge, fever, anorexia, fatigue, tachycardia, and possibly cor pulmonale. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause "berylliosis."

Copper: Metal dust may cause irritation of the upper respiratory tract, ulceration and perforation of the nasal septum, a feeling of illness similar to the common cold.

Lead: Short term inhalation of lead may cause irritation, nausea, vomiting, kidney damage, liver damage. Prolonged exposure to lead may result in an accumulation in body tissues and exert adverse effects on the blood, nervous system, heart, endocrine and immune systems, kidneys, and reproduction.

Cobalt: Short term inhalation can cause upper respiratory tract irritation, rhinitis and tracheitis, and prolonged exposure may cause discharge from respiratory or digestive mucous membranes, nasal obstruction and gastrointestinal distress.

Skin Contact: May cause irritation, sensitization and dermatitis.

Eye Contact: Contact with dust may cause conjunctival inflammation.

Ingestion: May cause coughing and shortness of breath.

Numerical Measures of Toxicity:

Acute Toxicity: Not classified; no data available.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified; no data available.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified; no data available.

Respiratory Sensitization: Not classified; no data available.

Skin Sensitization: Not classified; no data available.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified; no data available.

Carcinogenicity: Not classified.

| Listed | d as a Ca | rcinogen/P | otential Carc | inogen | _ | X Yes | | No | |
|--------|-----------|------------|---------------|--------|---|-------|-------|----|--|
| | | | 1.01 1 | | | 0 | 1 | 1 | |

This material is formed to a specific shape or design during manufacture which under normal conditions of use does not release more than very small quantities, e.g., minute or trace amounts of a hazardous chemical (as determined under paragraph (d) of 1910.1200), and does not pose a physical hazard or health risk to employees.

- Beryllium: NTP lists beryllium compounds as *known to be human carcinogens*. IARC lists beryllium-copper as Group 1 (Carcinogenic to humans), and notes that "the association of the elevated lung cancer risks with beryllium exposure is supported by a large number of lung cancer cases and stable rate ratios, a consistency in findings among plants, higher risks of lung cancer among workers hired before 1950 (when exposures were at their highest), a greater risk of lung cancer in the US Beryllium Case Registry cohort (especially among those highly exposed who were diagnosed with acute pneumonitis), and greatest risks for lung cancer in the plants with the highest risk for acute pneumonitis and other respiratory disease".
- Lead: Lead is listed as reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen per NTP. IARC lists inorganic lead in Group 2A (probably carcinogenic to humans).
- Cobalt: Cobalt compounds are listed by IARC as Group 2B (possibly carcinogenic to humans).

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified; no data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure: Not classified; no data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure: Not classified; no data available.

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified; no data available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Data: No data available

Persistence and Degradability: No data available.

Bioaccumulative Potential: No data available.

Mobility in Soil: No data available.

Other Adverse effects: No data available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

U.S. DOT and IATA: Not regulated by DOT or IATA.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Regulations:

CERCLA Sections 102a/103 (40 CFR 302.4): Not regulated.

SARA Title III Section 302 (40 CFR 355.30): Not regulated.

SARA Title III Section 304 (40 CFR 355.40): Not regulated.

SARA Title III Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65): Not regulated.

OSHA Process Safety (29 CFR 1910.119): Not regulated.

SARA Title III Sections 311/312 Hazardous Categories (40 CFR 370.21):

| ACUTE HEALTH: | No. |
|-----------------|-----|
| CHRONIC HEALTH: | No. |
| FIRE: | No. |
| REACTIVE: | No. |
| PRESSURE: | No. |

State Regulations:

California Proposition 65: Not listed.

U.S. TSCA Inventory: Beryllium, copper, lead, and cobalt are listed.

TSCA 12(b), Export Notification: Not listed.

Canadian Regulations:

WHMIS Information: Not provided for this material.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Issue Date: 12 June 2015

 Sources: ChemAdvisor, Inc., SDS Lead, 20 March 2015.
 ChemAdvisor, Inc., SDS Cobalt, 20 March 2015.
 ChemAdvisor, Inc., SDS Beryllium-Copper Alloy, 20 March 2015.
 IARC, Beryllium and Beryllium Compounds; available at http://monographs.iarc.fr/ENG/Monographs/vol100C/mono100C-7.pdf (accessed Jun 2015).

Key of Acronyms:

| ACGIH | American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists | NRC | Nuclear Regulatory Commission |
|--------|--|-------|--|
| ALI | Annual Limit on Intake | NTP | National Toxicology Program |
| CAS | Chemical Abstracts Service | OSHA | Occupational Safety and Health Administration |
| CERCLA | Comprehensive Environmental Response, | PEL | Permissible Exposure Limit |
| | Compensation, and Liability Act | | * |
| CFR | Code of Federal Regulations | RCRA | Resource Conservation and Recovery Act |
| DOT | Department of Transportation | REL | Recommended Exposure Limit |
| EC50 | Effective Concentration, 50 % | RM | Reference Material |
| EINECS | European Inventory of Existing Commercial | RQ | Reportable Quantity |
| | Chemical Substances | | |
| EPCRA | Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know | RTECS | Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances |
| | Act | | |
| IARC | International Agency for Research on Cancer | SARA | Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act |
| IATA | International Air Transportation Agency | SCBA | Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus |
| IDLH | Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health | SRM | Standard Reference Material |
| LC50 | Lethal Concentration, 50 % | STEL | Short Term Exposure Limit |
| LD50 | Lethal Dose, 50 % | TLV | Threshold Limit Value |
| LEL | Lower Explosive Limit | TPQ | Threshold Planning Quantity |
| MSDS | Material Safety Data Sheet | TSCA | Toxic Substances Control Act |
| NFPA | National Fire Protection Association | TWA | Time Weighted Average |
| NIOSH | National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health | UEL | Upper Explosive Limit |
| NIST | National Institute of Standards and Technology | WHMIS | Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System |
| | | | |

Disclaimer: Physical and chemical data contained in this SDS are provided only for use in assessing the hazardous nature of the material. The SDS was prepared carefully, using current references; however, NIST does not certify the data in the SDS. The certified values for this material are given in the NIST Certificate of Analysis.

Users of this SRM should ensure that the SDS in their possession is current. This can be accomplished by contacting the SRM Program: telephone (301) 975-2200; fax (301) 948-3730; e-mail srmmsds@nist.gov; or via the Internet at http://www.nist.gov/srm.