U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Bureau of Standards

Certificate of Analyses

STANDARD SAMPLE 62B MANGANESE BRONZE

	Cu	Zn	Mn	Al	Sn	Fe						
ANALYST*	Electrolytic	ZnS-ZnO	Bismuthate		SnC2-Iodine		LEAD	NICKEL Weighed as nickel dimethylgloxime	SILICON Sulfuric acid dehydration	ANTIMONY	ARSENIC	SILVER Internal electrolysis
1	a 57. 40	37. 97	1. 29	ь 0. 97	° 0. 97	^d 0. 81	° 0. 27	0. 27	0. 047	f 0. 005	s 0. 004	0. 003
3	^h 57. 40 57. 41 ^r 57. 40	37. 99 38. 02 37. 94	1. 28 1 1. 26 1. 28	ь. 97 т. 94 ь. 97	i. 96 n. 95 s. 96	. 83 . 79 . 84	k. 28 p. 28 e. 28	. 27 q. 28 . 27	. 046			
5 6	t 57. 38	37. 96 37. 96	1. 28 1. 31	ч. 98 ь. 95	л. 97 у. 97	i. 82 . 84	v. 28	. 26	w. 047			
7 8	^h 57. 40 57. 38	37. 94 37. 97	* 1. 30 * 1. 31	ь. 98 . 96	^{z1} . 94 i. 97	d. 83 d. 81	z ² . 29 z ⁵ . 26	z3. 29 . 27	z4. 049			
-10	²⁶ 57. 40 ¹ 57. 39	38. 03 37. 92	* 1. 29 1. 29	ь. 95 =8. 98	*. 97 *. 96	d. 82 d. 83	p. 27	. 27	. 049	<. 01	²⁷ . 004	. 006
Averages	57. 39	37. 97	1. 29	0. 97	0. 96	0.82	0. 28	0. 27	0.048	0.005	0.004	z9 0. 005

a Five-gram sample dissolved in 110 ml of HNO₃ (1+4). Solution digested for 3 hours or more and filtered. Filtrate diluted to 350 ml, 2 drops of 0.1 N HCl added and solution electrolyzed overnight, by using a current density of 0.5 amp/dm². Metastannic-acid precipitate and paper treated with HNO₃-H₂SO₄. Tin, antimony, and arsenic volatilized by HBr-Br₂, and residual copper determined by electrolysis.

- HBr-Br₂, and residual copper determined by electrolysis.

 b Five-gram sample electrolyzed in mercury cathode cell. Electrolyte treated with H₂S and filtered. Aluminum precipitated in the filtrate with NH₄OH and ignited to Al₂O₃.

 'This separated by distillation from a 5-g sample as described in J. Research NBS 21,95 (1938) RP1116, precipitated with cupferron, and ignited to BnO₂.

 d Iron reduced with SnCl₂, and FeCl₂ titrated with K₂Cr₂O₇, by using sodium diphenylamine sulfonate indicator.

 First anode deposit (footnote a) dissolved in HNO₃ and a little alcohol. Lead determined as PbSO₄.

 After completion of arsenic distillation (footnote g), antimony distilled from the same sample and
- g), antimony distilled from the same sample and titrated with KMnO₄ as described in J. Research NBS 21, 95 (1938) RP1116.

 **Arsenic distilled from a 50-g sample as described in J. Research NBS 21, 95 (1938) RP1116 and determined as As₆S₅.

h Copper deposited in the presence of tin from an HNO3-HF solution.

Tin reduced with an iron coll in presence of added antimony.

I'd no reduced in a Jones reductor and titrated with KMnO4.

Lead determined as PbO2 by electrolysis in HNO3-HF solution.

MnO3-HF solution.

MnO3-precipitated in nitric acid solution with KKlO3. Precipitate dissolved in diluted H2SO4 containing a weighed amount of NagC2O4. Excess NagC2O4 titrated with KMnO4.

Maluminum precipitated with 8-hydroxyquino-line. Precipitate dissolved in HCl, oxidized with KBPO3, KI added and solution titrated with KBPO3.

Tin reduced with iron wire in presence of added antimony, and SnC1 titrated with KDO3.

Tin reduced with H2S, and FeSO4 titrated with KMnO4.

Lead separated as PbO2 by electrolysis, and replated in HNO3 (8+92).

Glyoxime precipitate titrated with KCN.

Same as footnote a, except impurities recovered from metastannic-acid precipitate by treatment with ammonium iodide.

Tin reduced with lead.

Same as footnote a, except impurities recovered from the metastannic-acid precipitate by the NaOH-Na2S method.

- Aluminum precipitated with phenylhydrazine
- and ignited to Al_2O_3 . v Lead deposited as PbO₂ and corrected for impur-
- ities.

 w Hydrochloric acid dehydration.

 Persulfate-arsenite method.

 Same as footnote s, except antimony added.

 Mn0, precipitated with KBr03. Precipitate dissolved in Fe(NH₂)₂ (SO₂)₂, and excess titrated with KMn04.

 I'l' in reduced with aluminum in presence of added antimony.

 Lead separated as PhSO4. Precipitate dissolved.
- added antimony.

 ²² Lead separated as PbSO₄. Precipitate dissolved in $NH_4C_2H_3O_2$, and lead determined as PbO₂ by
- in NH₄C₂H₃O₂, and lead determined as PbO₂ by electrolysis.

 ³ Dimethylglyoxime-electrolysis method.

 ³⁴ A value of 0.051% silicon was obtained by silicomolybdate colorimetric method. See Ind. Eng. Chem., Anal. Ed. 16,309 (1944).

 ³⁵ Same as footnote k, except deposit replated.

 ³⁶ Four-gram sample dissolved in HNO₂-H₂SO₄. PbSO₄removed by filtration and filtrate electrolyzed in presence of H₂O₂. Residual copper determined by internal electrolysis.

 ³⁷ Arsenic reduced with hydrazine and distilled. AsCl₂ titrated with 0.01 N KBrO₂.

 ³⁸ Aluminum precipitated as basic succinate and ignited to Al₂O₃.

 ³⁹ A value of 0.005 percent silver, obtained by firo assay, was reported by Ledoux & Co., New York, N. Y.

*LIST OF ANALYSTS

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The bronze for the preparation of this standard was furnished by the Federated Metals Division, American Smelting & Refining Co.

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LYMAN J. BRIGGS, Director.