National Bureau of Standards Certificate of Analyses

Standard Sample 100B Manganese Steel

	С	Mn	P		S			Si	Cu	Ni	Cr	v	Мо	N
ANALYST	Direct combustion	Persulfate-Arsenite	Gravimetric (weighed as MgP2O ₇ after removal of arsenic)	Alkali-Molybdate *	Gravimetric (direct oxidation and precipitation after reduction of iron)	Combustion Iodate titration	Evolution with HCl (1+1) ZnS-Iodine (theoretical sulfur titer) ^b	Perchloric acid dehydration		Weighed as nickel dimethyl- glyoxime	FeSO,—K.MnO, titration		Colorimetric	Distillation-titration
1	0.395	• 1.89	0. 021	₫ 0 . 025	0.030	• 0. 028	0.030	f 0. 213	2 0. 064	0.029	ь 0.063	i 0.003	0. 238	i 0. 004
2	. 394	1.91	. 021	. 021	. 028	.028		. 209	k. 068	. 028	. 063	. 003	. 235	. 004
3	. 407	11.89		. 024	.030	. 029	.028	m. f. 21	n. 063	·. 030	p. 062	a. 003	. 239	.005
4	. 401	1.90		. 023	.027	.027	.028	f. 207	r. 063	. 029	₽. 06 4	°. 003	³. 242	k. 005
5	. 392	11.88	.023	1.023	. 029		.027	m. 219	t. 060	u. 030	. 061	₹. 003	. 233	
6	. 392	1 1.88	. 023	1, 022	.030	1.030		m. 217	t. 058	u. 029	. 058	₹. 003	. 229	
7	. 397	1.87		▼. 024			.026	. 196	*. 07 6	•. 03 4	у. 068	₽. 001	. 243	
Averages	0.397	1.89	0.022	0.023	0.029	0.028	0.028	0. 210	0.064	0.030	0,063	0,003	0. 237	0.004
General Average	0.397	1.89	0.0)23		0.028		0.210	0.064	0.030	0.063	0.003	0. 237	0.004

- ^a Precipitated at 40°C, washed with a 1-percent solution of KNO₁, and titrated with alkali standardized by the use of acid potassium phthalate and the ratio 23NaOH:1P.
- b Value obtained by standardizing the titrating solution by means of sodium oxalate through KMnO4 and Na2S2O4 and use of the ratio 21:1S.
- ⁶ Potentiometric titration.
- ^d Molybdenum-blue photometric method. See J. Research NBS 26, 405 (1941), RP1386.
- * 1-g sample burned in oxygen at 1,425°C and sulfur dioxide absorbed in starch-iodide solution. Iodine liberated from iodide by titration, during the combustion, with standard KIOs solution. Titer based on 93 percent of the theoretical factor.
- Double dehydration with intervening filtration.
- ² Diethyldithiocarbamate photometric method. See J. Research NBS 47, 380 (1951), RP2265.
- h Chromium separated from the bulk of the iron in a 10-g sample by hydrolytic precipitation with NaHCO₂, oxidized with persulfate, and titrated potentiometrically with ferrous ammonium sulfate.
- i Vanadium separated as in (h), oxidized with HNO₄, and titrated potentiometrically with ferrous ammonium sulfate.

 j Sulfuric acid digestion for 4 hr of a 0.5-g sample. See J. Research NBS 43 201 (1949) RP2021.

- Photometric method. ¹ Titrating solution standardized with a standard steel.
- Sulfuric acid dehydration.

- m Sulfuric acid dehydration.

 a Copper-ammonia-complex photometric method.
 b Dimethylglyoxime photometric method.
 Diphenylcarbazide photometric method.
 Diphenylcarbazide photometric method.
 ANAHCO—FESQ—(NH4)28202—KMnO4 method.
 HaS—CuS—CuO.
 HaS—MoO3;—MoO3.
 CuS precipitated with Nag8204, and copper determined by electrolysis.
 Unimethylglyoxime precipitated gnited to NiO.
 Vanadium precipitated with cupferron and determined by the FeSQ—(NH4)28204—KMnO4 method.
 Molybdenum-blue photometric method.
 Neccuproine photometric method.
 Perchloric acid-photometric method.
- - Perchloric acid-photometric method.

List of Analysts

- 1. Ferrous Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards. J. I. Shultz, in charge. Analysis by E. June Maienthal, T. W. Freeman, and E. J. Meros.
- 2. H. J. Wolthorn, United States Steel Corporation, Fairless Works, Fairless Hills, Pa.
- 3. J. Henderson, United States Steel Corporation, Edgar Thomson Works, Braddock, Pa.
- 4. D. J. Hallisey, Jones and Laughlin Steel Corporation, Aliquippa Works, Aliquippa, Pa.
- 5. Charles C. Kawin Company, Buffalo, N.Y.
- 6. Charles C. Kawin Company, Chicago, Ill.
- 7. J. T. Crane, Page Steel and Wire Division, American Chain and Cable Company, Inc., Monessen, Pa.

The steel for the preparation of this standard was furnished by the United States Steel Corporation.

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A. V. ASTIN, Director