

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. SUBSTANCE AND SOURCE IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

SRM Number: 3162a

SRM Name: Titanium (Ti) Standard Solution **Other Means of Identification:** Not applicable.

Recommended Use of This Material and Restrictions of Use

The certified value delivered by this Standard Reference Material (SRM) is intended for use as a primary calibration standard for the quantitative determination of titanium. A unit of SRM 3162a consists of 50 mL of acidified aqueous solution in a high-density polyethylene bottle sealed in an aluminized bag. The solution is prepared gravimetrically to contain a known mass fraction of titanium.

Company Information

National Institute of Standards and Technology Standard Reference Materials Program 100 Bureau Drive, Stop 2300 Gaithersburg, Maryland 20899-2300

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2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Physical Hazard: Not applicable.

Health Hazard: Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1B Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 1

Label Elements Symbol



Signal Word DANGER

Hazard Statement(s)

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary Statement(s)

P260 Do not breathe fumes, mists, vapors, or spray.
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.

P301+P330+P331 If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water.

P304+P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a doctor.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P405 Store locked up.

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Hazards Not Otherwise Classified: Not applicable.

Ingredients(s) with Unknown Acute Toxicity: Not applicable.

3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Substance: Titanium in nitric/hydrofluoric acid solution

Other Designations:

Nitric acid (aqua fortis; hydrogen nitrate; azotic acid; engraver's acid)

Hydrofluoric acid (hydrogen fluoride; fluorhydric acid)

Titanium tetrafluoride [titanium (4+) fluoride; titanium (IV) fluoride]

NOTE: Titanium in a nitric acid and hydrofluoric acid solution forms a solvated titanium tetrafluoride salt. The health and physical hazard information provided in this SDS are for nitric acid, hydrofluoric acid, and titanium tetrafluoride. The actual effects of the solution may differ from the individual components.

Components are listed in compliance with OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.1200; for the actual values see the NIST Certificate of Analysis.

Hazardous Component(s)	CAS Number	EC Number (EINECS)	Nominal Mass Concentration (%)
Nitric acid	7697-37-2	231-714-2	<20
Titanium tetrafluoride	7783-63-3	232-017-6	2.6
Hydrofluoric acid	7664-39-3	231-634-8	<5
Non-Hazardous Component(s) Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	>72

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First Aid Measures:

Inhalation: If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or oxygen by qualified personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

Skin Contact: Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get immediate medical attention. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing before reuse. Destroy contaminated shoes.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes, including under the eyelids with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: Contact a poison control center immediately for instructions. Do not induce vomiting. Give water to rinse out mouth. Never give liquids to a person with reduced awareness or becoming unconscious. If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to prevent aspiration. If not breathing, give artificial respiration by qualified personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed: Acid burns to skin, eyes, and lungs.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary: If any of the above symptoms are present, seek immediate medical attention.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire and Explosion Hazards: Negligible fire hazard. See Section 9, "Physical and Chemical Properties" for flammability properties.

Extinguishing Media:

Suitable: Use extinguishing media appropriate to the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable: None listed.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical: Thermal decomposition will form oxides of nitrogen and fluorinated compounds.

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Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-Fighters: Avoid inhalation of material or combustion byproducts. Wear full protective clothing and NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment; see Section 8, "Exposure Controls and Personal Protection".

Methods and Materials for Containment and Clean up: Do not touch spilled material. Notify safety personnel of spills. Absorb with sand or other non-combustible material. Collect spilled material in appropriate container for disposal. Isolate hazard area and deny entry.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Safe Handling Precautions: See Section 8, "Exposure Controls and Personal Protection".

Storage: Store and handling in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Keep separated from incompatible substances (See Section 10, "Stability and Reactivity").

8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Components	OSHA (PEL)	NIOSH (REL)	ACGIH (TLV)
Nitric acid	5 mg/m ³ (2 ppm) TWA	5 mg/m³ (2 ppm) TWA 10 mg/m³ (4 ppm) STEL 25 ppm IDLH	5 mg/m³ (2 ppm) TWA 10 mg/m³ (4 ppm) STEL
Hydrofluoric acid	3 ppm TWA (as F)	2.5 mg/m³ (3 ppm) TWA 30 ppm IDLH	0.5 ppm TWA (as F) 2 ppm Ceiling (as F)
Titanium tetrafluoride	2.5 mg/m³ TWA (as F related to fluorides)	2.5 mg/m ³ TWA (as F inorganic and solid fluorides	2.5 mg/m³ TWA (as F related to fluorides)

Engineering Controls: Provide local exhaust or process enclosure ventilation system. Ensure compliance with applicable exposure limits.

Personal Protection: In accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, subpart I, wear appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) to minimize exposure to this material.

Respiratory Protection: If workplace conditions warrant a respirator, a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29CFR 1910.134 must be followed. Refer to NIOSH 42 CFR 84 for applicable certified respirators.

Eye/Face Protection: Wear splash resistant safety goggles with a face shield. An eyewash station should be readily available near areas of use.

Skin and Body Protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Chemical-resistant gloves should be worn at all times when handling chemicals.

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9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Descriptive Properties				
Appearance				
(physical state, color, etc.):	liquid			
Molecular Formula:	not applicable			
Molar Mass (g/mol):	not applicable			
Odor:	not applicable			
Odor threshold:	not available			
рН:	acidic			
Evaporation rate:	not available			
Melting point/freezing point (°C):	not available			
Sublimation Point:	not applicable			
Decomposition:	not applicable			
Relative Density				
as specific gravity (water = 1):	not available			
Vapor Pressure (mmHg):	not available			
Vapor Density (air = 1):	not available			
Viscosity (cP):	not available			
Solubility(ies):	miscible with water and ether			
Partition coefficient	9.11			
(n-octanol/water):	not available			
Thermal Stability Properties				
Autoignition Temperature:	not applicable			
Thermal Decomposition:	not applicable			
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C):	not applicable			
Explosive Limits, LEL (Volume %):	not applicable			
Explosive Limits, UEL (Volume %):	not applicable			
Flash Point:	not applicable			
Flammability (solid, gas):	not applicable			
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY				
Reactivity: Stable at normal temperatures and press	ure.			
Stability: X Stable Un	stable			
Possible Hazardous Reactions: None listed.	5.00.2			
Conditions to Avoid: Contact with combustible or incompatible materials. Incompatible Materials: Acids, combustible materials, halo carbons, amines, bases, oxidizing materials, metals halogens, metal salts, metal oxides, reducing agents, peroxides, metal carbide, cyanides.				
Hazardous Decomposition: Thermal decomposition	n will produce oxides of nitrogen and fluorinated compounds.			
Hazardous Polymerization: Will Occur X Will Not Occur				
<u> </u>				
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION				
Route of Exposure: X Inhalation	X Skin X Ingestion			
	ad Toxicological Characteristics: Burning pain; severe skin			
corrosion and eye damage.				

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Potential Health Effects (Acute, Chronic and Delayed):

Inhalation: Inhalation of acid fumes can damage the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Short term exposure may cause irritation and inflammation of the upper respiratory tract, coughing, choking, sore throat, shortness of breath, headache, dizziness, and nausea. Long-term exposure to acid fumes may cause damage to teeth, bronchial irritation, chronic cough, bronchial pneumonia, and gastrointestinal disturbances.

Skin Contact: Nitric acid, hydrofluoric acid and titanium tetrafluoride can cause severe skin burns. Severity of the damage depends on the concentration and duration of exposure. Effects of acid burns may be delayed.

Eye Contact: Nitric acid, hydrofluoric acid, and titanium tetrafluoride can cause severe eye irritation, corneal burns, permanent eye damage, or blindness. Severity of the damage depends on the concentration and duration of exposure.

Ingestion: If ingested, nitric acid, hydrofluoric acid, and titanium tetrafluoride can cause severe burns and damage to the gastrointestinal tract.

Numerical Measures of Toxicity:

Acute Toxicity: Not classified.

Nitric acid: Rat, Inhalation LC50: 130 mg/m³ (4 h) Hydrofluoric acid: Rat, Inhalation LC50: 1276 ppm (1 h)

Titanium tetrafluoride: No data available.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: This SRM contains >1 % of nitric acid and hydrofluoric acid and it is classified as Category 1B.

Serious Eye damage/Eye irritation: This SRM contains >1 % nitric acid and hydrofluoric acid and it is classified as Category 1.

Respiratory Sensitization: No data available.

Skin Sensitization: No data available.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No data available.

Carcinogenicity: Not classified.

Listed as a Carcinogen/Potential Carcinogen Yes

Nitric acid, hydrofluoric acid, and titanium tetrafluoride are not listed by NTP, IARC or OSHA as carcinogens.

X No

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified.

Nitric acid, Rat, Oral TDLo: 21 150 mg/kg (pregnant 1 d to 21 d)

Hydrofluoric acid, Rat, Inhalation TDLo: 470 μg/m³ (4 h, pregnant 1 d to 22 d)

Titanium tetrafluoride: No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure: No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure: No data available.

Aspiration Hazard: No data available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Data

Nitric acid:

Crustacean: Shore crab (Carcinus maenas) LC50: 180 mg/L, static (48 h)

Hydrofluoric acid:

Invertebrate toxicity: Water flea (Daphnia) EC50: 270 mg/L (48 h)

Titanium tetrafluoride: No ecotoxicity data listed.

Persistence and Degradability: No data available.

Bioaccumulative Potential: No data available.

Mobility in Soil: No data available.

Other Adverse effects: No data available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local regulations. Nitric acid subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262, Hazardous Waste Numbers: nitric acid (D001, D002) and hydrofluoric acid (U134).

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14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

U.S. DOT and IATA: UN1760, Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (contains nitric acid and hydrofluoric acid), Hazard Class 8, Packing Group II.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Regulations:

CERCLA Sections 102a/103 (40 CFR 302.4):

Nitric acid, 1000 lbs (454 kg) final RQ; Hydrofluoric acid, 100 lbs (45.4 kg) final RQ

SARA Title III Section 302 (40 CFR 355.30):

Nitric acid, 1000 lbs (454 kg) TPQ; Hydrofluoric acid, 100 lbs (45.4 kg) TPQ

SARA Title III Section 304 (40 CFR 355.40):

Nitric acid, 1000 lbs (454 kg) EPCRA RQ; Hydrofluoric acid, 100 lbs (45.4 kg) EPCRA RQ

SARA Title III Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65):

1 % de minimis concentration (nitric acid); 1 % de minimis concentration (hydrofluoric acid)

OSHA Process Safety (29 CFR 1910.119):

Regulated for nitric acid at higher concentrations 500 lbs. TQ (≥94.5 % by weight);

Hydrofluoric acid, 1000 lbs TQ (anhydrous).

SARA Title III Sections 311/312 Hazardous Categories (40 CFR 370.21):

ACUTE HEALTH: Yes
CHRONIC HEALTH: Yes
FIRE: No
REACTIVE: No
PRESSURE: No

State Regulations: Not listed under California Proposition 65.

U.S. TSCA Inventory: Nitric acid and hydrofluoric acid are listed.

TSCA 12(b), Export Notification: Not listed.

Canadian Regulations: WHMIS Information is not provided for this material.

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16. OTHER INFORMATION

Issue Date: 27 March 2025

Sources: ChemAdvisor, Inc., MSDS *Nitric Acid*, 09 December 2015.

ChemAdvisor, Inc., MSDS Hydrogen Fluoride, 09 December 2015.

PubChem, National Library of Medicine, Nitric Acid CAS No. 7697-37-2; available at

https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/compound/944 (accessed Mar 2025)

PubChem, National Library of Medicine, Titanium-tetrafluoride CAS No. 7783-63-3; available at

https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/compound/Titanium-tetrafluoride (accessed Mar 2025).

Key of Acronyms:

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial	NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology
	Hygienists		
ALI	Annual Limit on Intake		Nuclear Regulatory Commission
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	NTP	National Toxicology Program
CEN	European Committee for Standardization		Occupational Safety and Health Administration
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response,	PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
	Compensation, and Liability Act		
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations	RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
CPSU	Coal Mine Dust Personal Sample Unit	REL	Recommended Exposure Limit
DOT	Department of Transportation	RM	Reference Material
EC50	Effective Concentration, 50 %	RQ	Reportable Quantity
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial	RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
	Chemical Substances		
EPCRA	Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know	SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
	Act		
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus
IATA	International Air Transport Association	SDS	Safety Data Sheet
IDLH	Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health		Standard Reference Material
ISO	International Organization for Standardization		Short Term Exposure Limit
LC50	Lethal Concentration, 50 %		Toxic Dose Low
LD50	Lethal Dose, 50 %		Threshold Limit Value
LEL	Lower Explosive Limit		Threshold Planning Quantity
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet		Toxic Substances Control Act
MSHA	Mine Safety and Health Administration		Time Weighted Average
NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health	UEL	Upper Explosive Limit
		WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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