

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. SUBSTANCE AND SOURCE IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

SRM Number: 1881b

SRM Name: Portland Cement (Blended with Fly Ash)

Other Means of Identification: Not applicable.

Recommended Use of This Material and Restrictions of Use

This Standard Reference Material (SRM) is intended primarily for use in evaluating chemical methods of analysis and in the calibration of instrumental methods for analysis of cements and materials of similar matrix. A unit of SRM 1881b consists of four sealed vials, each containing approximately 5 g of portland cement ground to pass a $75 \mu m$ (No. 200) sieve.

Company Information

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2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Physical Hazard: Not classified.

Health Hazard: Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1

Eye Damage/Irritation Category 1
Skin Sensitization Category 1
Carcinogen Category 1A
STOT, Single Exposure Category 3
STOT, Repeated Exposure Category 1

Label Elements

Symbol



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statement(s)

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause allergic skin reaction.
 H350 May cause cancer (lung).
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H372 Causes damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation).

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Precautionary Statement(s)				
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.			
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.			
P260	Do not breathe dust.			
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.			
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.			
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated room.			
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.			
P280	Wear protective gloves and clothing and eye and face protection.			
P301+P330+P331	If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do Not induce vomiting.			
P302+P361+P353	If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.			
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs, get medical attention.			
P304+P340	If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.			
P305+P351+P338	If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.			
P310	Immediately call a doctor.			
P308+P313	If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.			
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.			
P403+P233 P405	Store in well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.			
P501	Dispose of contents and container according to local regulations.			

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified: None.

Ingredients(s) with Unknown Acute Toxicity: None.

3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Substance: Portland Cement

Other Designations: Hydraulic cement; cement (portland); silicate, portland cement; portland cement silicate.

Components are listed in compliance with OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.1200. Cement may also contain trace amounts of oxides and other chemicals due to the starting minerals and manufacturing process, including chromium compounds. Concentration ranges for portland cement components are listed below and may differ from the constituents listed in the NIST Certificate of Analysis. Concentrations shown as ranges to protect vendor confidentiality or process variation.

Hazardous Component(s)	CAS Number	EC Number (EINECS)	Nominal Mass Concentration ^(a) (%)
Portland cement	65997-15-1	266-043-4	100
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8	215-138-9	A to B
Quartz	14808-60-7	238-878-4	C to D
Hexavalent chromium	18540-29-9	606-053-1	E to F
Gypsum	13397-24-5	603-783-2	G to H
Limestone	1317-65-3	215-279-6	I to J
Magnesium oxide	1309-48-4	215-171-9	K to L

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4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First Aid Measures

Inhalation: If adverse effects occur, remove to well-ventilated (uncontaminated) area. If breathing is difficult, qualified personnel may administer oxygen. If not breathing, qualified personnel should give artificial respiration. Seek immediate medical attention.

Skin Contact: Rinse affected skin with water for at least 15 minutes, and then wash thoroughly with soap or mild detergent and water. If skin irritation persists, seek medical aid and bring the container or label.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes, including under the eyelids, with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: If a large amount is swallowed, seek medical attention.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed: Prolonged exposure to wet or dry cement on moist areas of the body can cause burns to skin or respiratory tract and eye damage. Prolonged exposure respirable silica particles can cause lung damage (silicosis) and cancer.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary: If any of the above symptoms are present, seek immediate medical attention.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire and Explosion Hazards: Negligible fire hazard. See Section 9, "Physical and Chemical Properties" for flammability properties.

Extinguishing Media

Suitable: Use extinguishing agents appropriate to surrounding fire.

Unsuitable: Do not use water jet or water-based extinguishers.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical: Not applicable.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-Fighters: Move container from fire area if it can be done without personal risk. Avoid inhalation of material or combustion by-products. Wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Health = 3 Fire = 0 Reactivity = 0

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures: Use suitable protective equipment; see Section 8, "Exposure Controls and Personal Protection".

Methods and Materials for Containment and Clean up: Avoid generating dust. Collect in appropriate container for disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Safe Handling Precautions: Use suitable personal protection equipment (PPE). See Section 8, "Exposure Controls and Personal Protection".

Storage and Incompatible Materials: Store in a well-ventilated area. Samples should be used immediately after opening the aluminized bag and vial.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits			
Components	OSHA (PEL)	ACGIH (TLV)	NIOSH (REL)
Portland cement	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ (total dust)	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ (respirable	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ (total dust)
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ (respirable	fraction, particulate	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ (respirable
	fraction)	matter containing no	dust)
	TWA: 50 mppcf (<1 %	asbestos and	IDLH: 5000 mg/m ³
	crystalline silica)	<1 % crystalline silica)	
Calcium oxide	TWA: 5 mg/m ³	TWA: 2 mg/m ³	TWA: 2 mg/m^3

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Exposure Limits			
Components	OSHA (PEL)	ACGIH (TLV)	NIOSH (REL)
Silica, crystalline quartz	TWA: 30/(SiO ₂ + 2) mg/m ³ (total dust) TWA: 10/(SiO ₂ +2) mg/m ³ (respirable fraction) TWA: 250/(SiO ₂ + 5) mppcf (respirable fraction)	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)	TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ (respirable dust) IDLH: 50 mg/m³ (respirable dust)
Hexavalent chromium	TWA: 5 μg/m ^{3 (a)}	No occupational exposure limits.	TWA: 0.0002 mg/m ^{3 (b)}
Calcium sulfate (gypsum)	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ (total dust) TWA: 5 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)	TWA: 10 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)	TWA: 10 mg/m³ (total dust) TWA: 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)
Calcium carbonate (limestone)	TWA: 15 mg/m³ (total dust) TWA: 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)	No occupational exposure limits established.	TWA: 10 mg/m³ (total dust) TWA: 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)
Magnesium oxide	TWA: 15 mg/m³ (total particulates)	TWA: 10 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)	No occupational exposure limits.

 $^{^{(}a)}$ See 29 CFR 1910.1026; 2.5 $\mu g/m^3$ action level. $^{(b)}$ As Cr, related to Chromium (VI) compounds.

Engineering Controls: Provide local exhaust or process enclosure ventilation system. Ensure compliance with applicable exposure limits.

Personal Protection Measures: In accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, subpart I, wear appropriate PPE to minimize exposure to this material.

Respiratory Protection: If workplace conditions warrant a respirator, a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29CFR 1910.134 must be followed. Refer to NIOSH 42 CFR 84 for applicable certified respirators.

Eye Protection: Splash resistant safety goggles and emergency eyewash are recommended.

Skin and Body Protection: Chemical resistant clothing and gloves are recommended.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Descriptive Properties	Portland Cement		
Molar Mass (g/mol)	not applicable		
Molecular Formula	not applicable		
Appearance (physical state, color, etc.)	white to gray powder		
Odor	odorless		
Odor threshold	not available		
рН	>11.5 [Conc. (% w/w): 1 %]		
Evaporation rate	not applicable		
Melting point/freezing point	not available		
Relative Density	2.3 to 3.1		
Density not applicable			
Vapor Pressure	not applicable		
Vapor Density (air = 1)	not applicable		
Viscosity	not applicable		
Solubilities	slightly soluble in water (0.1 % to 1 %)		
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	not applicable		
Particle Size	≤75 μm		
Thermal Stability Properties			
Autoignition Temperature	not applicable		
Thermal Decomposition	not applicable		
Initial boiling point and boiling range	> 1000 °C (>1832 °F)		
Explosive Limits, LEL (Volume %)	not applicable		
Explosive Limits, UEL (Volume %)	not applicable		
Flash Point	not applicable		
Flammability (solid, gas)	not applicable		

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10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY				
Reactivity: Stable at normal temperatures and	pressure.			
Stability: X Stable	Unstable			
Possible Hazardous Reactions: Not applicab	le.			
Conditions to Avoid: Avoid generating dust.				
Incompatible Materials: Reactive or inco aluminum and ammonium salt. Portland cemer generating reaction. Toxic gases or vapors may other alkali and alkaline earth elements will r ignites on contact with fluorine and is incompa violently with powerful oxidizing agents such as and oxygen difluoride yielding possible fire producing a corrosive gas-silicon tetrafluoride.	nt is highly alkaling be given off depo- eact in wet mortantible with acids, as fluorine, boron to	e and will react wending on the acid r or concrete, libe lum, ammonium s ifluoride, chlorine	ith acids to pro involved. Alu erating hydrog salts and magne trifluoride, magnet	oduce a violent, heat iminum powder and en gas. Limestone esium. Silica reacts inganese trifluoride,
Hazardous Decomposition: Miscellaneous of sulfur oxides and metal oxide/oxides.	lecomposition pro	ducts including c	arbon dioxide	, carbon monoxide,
Hazardous Polymerization: W	ill Occur	X Will Not	Occur	
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION				
Route of Exposure: X Inhalation	X Skin	X	Ingestion	
Symptoms Related to the Physical, Chemical skin sensitization. May damage mucous memb				e, skin irritation, and
Potential Health Effects (Acute, Chronic, an Inhalation: Irritation, cough phlegm. Pro expectoration, dyspnea, wheezing, pharyr silicosis.	olonged or repeate ngitis, chronic bro	onchitis, emphyses	ma, cement pr	neumoconiosis, and
Skin Contact: Irritation (possibly sever prolonged contact time and pressure may cement may induce allergic skin reactions	cause ulcerations	and possibly but		
Eye Contact: Irritation, visual disturbance corneal edema indicated by seeing halos ar				a burning sensation,
Ingestion: Irritation (long-term) and possi	ble gastroduoden	al ulcers.		
Numerical Measures of Toxicity Acute Toxicity: Not classified. Portland cement: No data available. Gypsum (related to calcium sulfate): Calcium oxide, hexavalent chromium,			data available.	
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 1 Exposure may cause irritation (rash, s presence of moisture.	caling, and cracki	ng) and dermatiti	s. May cause	serious burns in the
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Categor Exposure to portland cement dust may			s in the presen	ce of moisture.
Respiratory Sensitization: No data avail-	able.			
Skin Sensitization: Category 1. Portland cement may contain trace amount	ounts of hexavaler	t chromium which	n may cause all	ergic skin reactions.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No data availa	ble.			
Carcinogenicity: Category 1A.				
Listed as a Carcinogen/Potential Ca	rcinogen	X	Yes	No
Portland cement, limestone, gypsum, or NTP as a carcinogen or potential ca		d magnesium oxid	de are not liste	d by OSHA, IARC,

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Hexavalent chromium is listed as Group 1, *carcinogenic to humans* by IARC, *known human carcinogen* (related to chromium (VI) compounds) by NTP, and is listed by OSHA as a designated carcinogen.

Silica, crystalline quartz, is listed as Group 1, *carcinogenic to humans* by IARC, *known human carcinogen* (respirable size) by NTP, and is not listed by OSHA as a designated carcinogen.

Tumorigenic data: Rat, Inhalation, TCLo: 50 mg/m³ (6 h)

Mutagenic data: Human, 120 mg/L (24 h)

Reproductive Toxicity: No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure: Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation.

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure: Category 1, Lungs.

Repeated and prolonged exposure to portland cement and respirable quartz may cause chronic bronchitis, emphysema, cement pneumoconiosis, and silicosis.

Aspiration Hazard: Not applicable.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Data

Calcium oxide

Nile tilapia (Oreochromis niloticus) juvenile, NOEC (46 d): 100 mg/L fresh water

Gypsum (related to Calcium sulfate)

Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50 (96 h): 2980 mg/L [static]

Fathead minnow (*Pimephales promelas*) LC50 (96 h): >1970 mg/L [static]

Hexavalent chromium

Fathead minnow (*Pimephales promelas*) LC50 (96 h): 36.2 mg/L Portland cement, limestone, magnesium oxide: No data available.

Persistence and Degradability: No data available. **Bioaccumulative Potential:** No data available.

Mobility in Soil: No data available.

Other Adverse effects: No data available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Dispose in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local regulations.

14. Transportation Information

U.S. DOT and IATA: Not regulated by DOT and IATA.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Regulations

CERCLA Sections 102a/103 (40 CFR 302.4): Not regulated.

SARA Title III Section 302 (40 CFR 355.30): Not regulated.

SARA Title III Section 304 (40 CFR 355.40): Not regulated.

SARA Title III Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65): Hexavalent chromium: 0.1 % de minimis concentration (except for chromite ore mined in the Transvaal Region of South Africa and the untreated ore component of the chromite ore processing residue (COPR), chemical category N090)(related to chromium compounds).

OSHA Process Safety (29 CFR 1910.119): Not regulated.

SARA Title III Sections 311/312 Hazardous Categories (40 CFR 370.21)

ACUTE HEALTH: Yes CHRONIC HEALTH: Yes FIRE: No REACTIVE: No PRESSURE: No

State Regulations

California Proposition 65: Warning! This product contains chemicals (quartz and chromium (VI) ion) known to the state of California to cause cancer. The product contains a chemical (chromium (VI) ion) known to the state of California to cause reproductive and developmental effects.

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U.S. TSCA Inventory: Portland cement, calcium oxide, silica, crystalline quartz, hexavalent chromium, gypsum, limestone, and magnesium oxide are listed.

TSCA 12(b), Export Notification: Hexavalent chromium: Section 6, 0.1 % de minimus concentration (only those that can be used to treat water cooling systems)(related to Chromium (VI) compounds).

Canadian Regulations: WHMIS Information is not provided for this material.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Issue Date: 07 October 2015

Sources: Lehigh Hanson, SDS, *Portland Cement*, 01 June 2015.

ChemADVISOR, Inc., SDS Portland Cement, 20 March 2015.

ChemADVISOR, Inc., SDS *Limestone*, 20 March 2015. ChemADVISOR, Inc., SDS *Gypsum*, 20 March 2015. ChemADVISOR, Inc., SDS *Quartz*, 20 March 2015.

ChemADVISOR, Inc., SDS *Hexavalent Chromium*, 20 March 2015. ChemADVISOR, Inc., SDS *Magnesium Oxide*, 20 March 2015.

ChemADVISOR, Inc., SDS Calcium Oxide, 20 March 2015.

Key of Acronyms:

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	NTP	National Toxicology Program
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act	PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations	RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
DOT	Department of Transportation	REL	Recommended Exposure Limit
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical	RQ	Reportable Quantity
	Substances		
EPCRA	Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act	RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
IATA	International Air Transportation Agency	SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus
IDLH	Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health	SRM	Standard Reference Material
LC50	Lethal Concentration	STOT	Specific Target Organ Toxicity
LD50	Median Lethal Dose or Lethal Dose, 50 %	STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit
LEL	Lower Explosive Limit	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet	TPQ	Threshold Planning Quantity
NFPA	National Fire Protection Association	TSCA	Toxic Substances Control Act
NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health	TWA	Time Weighted Average
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology	UEL	Upper Explosive Limit
n.o.s.	Not Otherwise Specified	WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Disclaimer: Physical and chemical data contained in this SDS are provided only for use in assessing the hazardous nature of the material. The SDS was prepared carefully, using current references; however, NIST does not certify the data in the SDS. The values for this material are given in the NIST Certificate of Analysis.

Users of this SRM should ensure that the SDS in their possession is current. This can be accomplished by contacting the SRM Program: telephone (301) 975-2200; fax (301) 948-3730; e-mail srmmsds@nist.gov; or via the Internet at http://www.nist.gov/srm.

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