



PSCR 2021

THE DIGITAL EXPERIENCE

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NIST





ARE WE THERE YET?

5G CAPABILITIES, GAPS and
OPPORTUNITIES

NIST

#PSCR2021



SPEAKERS



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*** Please note, unless mentioned in reference to a NIST Publication, all information and data presented is preliminary/in-progress and subject to change**

A person's hands are holding a smartphone. The screen shows a map application with a route highlighted. The background is a dark blue gradient.

PULLING THE FUTURE FORWARD

5G ENABLING CAPABILITIES

eMBB

ENHANCED MOBILE BROADBAND

Providing significantly faster data speeds and greater capacity

URLLC

ULTRA-RELIABLE AND LOW LATENCY COMMUNICATIONS

Enabling mission critical communications

mMTC

MASSIVE MACHINE TYPE COMMUNICATIONS

Connecting billions of devices without human intervention

YET2 – 5G TEST BEDS MINI SEARCH



DEVICE AVAILABILITY

Device/infrastructure alignment for unlicensed bands

Support for AR/VR¹ devices

Support for device-to-device (D2D) off-network (sidelink)

RESEARCH FOCUS AREAS

Public safety use cases

Unlicensed (private) networks

Open source/Open RAN² solutions

Defense/academia (budget/TRL considerations)

RADIO FREQUENCY BANDS

mmWave licensed and unlicensed

Sub-6 bands (for cabled testing)

¹Augmented Reality/Virtual Reality

²Radio Access Network



YET2 FINDINGS AND INTERNAL RESEARCH

DEVICE AVAILABILITY

5G device/infrastructure for 60 GHz (not available in the near term)
Support for AR/VR devices (Qualcomm Snapdragon XR2)
Device-to-device technologies are focused on the automotive space

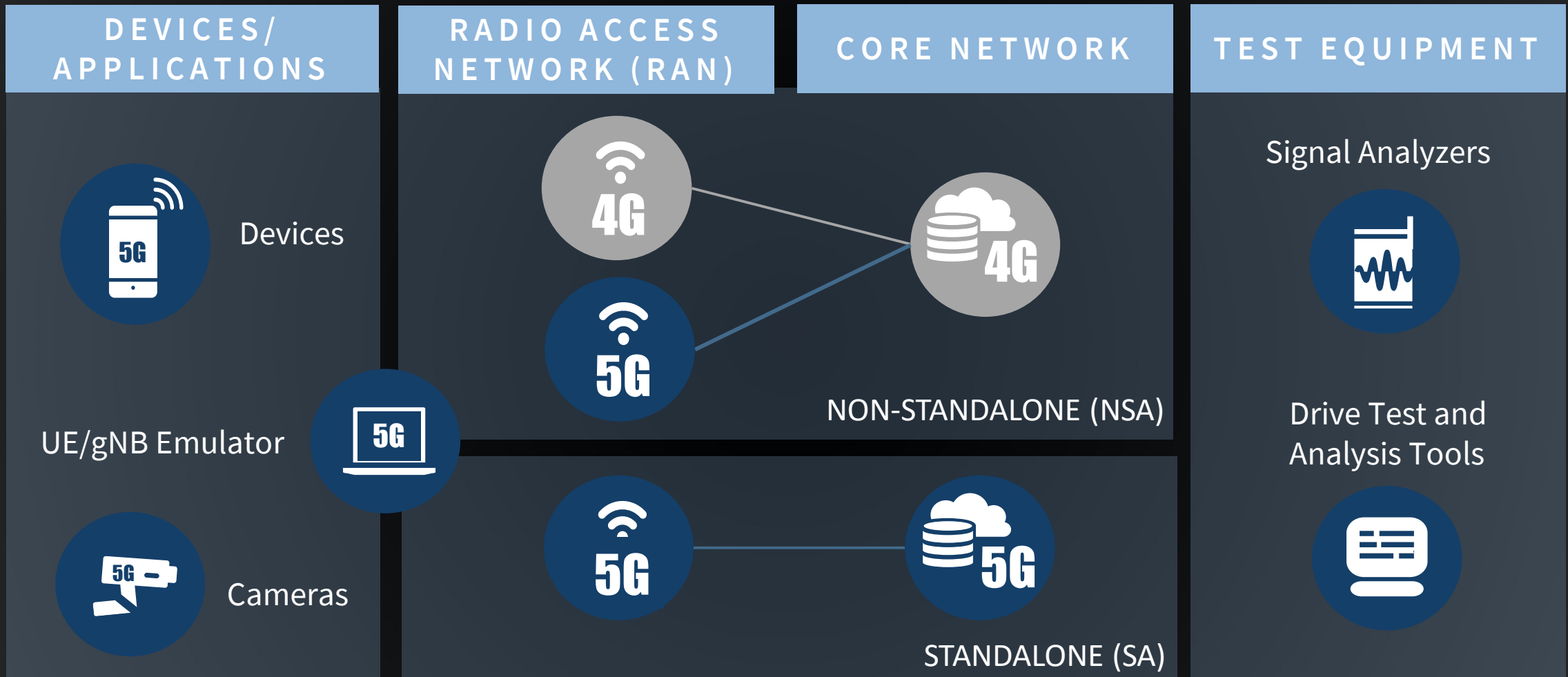
RESEARCH FOCUS AREAS

Public safety use cases
Unlicensed (private) networks (CBRS¹ support is maturing)
Open source/Open RAN solutions (a year out)

RADIO FREQUENCY BANDS

mmWave standalone (SA) support (a year out)
60 GHz unlicensed NR² (no road map)

5G PUBLIC SAFETY INNOVATION LAB UPGRADES



LAB NETWORK UPGRADES INCLUDE: SERVERS, FIREWALLS, SWITCHES AND WORKSTATIONS

3GPP PUBLIC SAFETY STANDARDS TIMELINE

2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022

Release 15

- Improvements of Mission Critical (MC)
- Vehicle-to-Everything (V2X) Communications Improvements
- Machine-Type of Communications (MTC) and Internet of Things (IoT)

Release 16

- Mission Critical, Public Warning
- Advanced V2X support (includes 5G V2X with NR sidelink)
- Enhancement of Ultra-Reliable and Low Latency Communications (URLLC)

Release 17

- Multicast-broadcast Services (MBS) and Mission Critical (MC) enhancements
- V2V/D2D/Sidelink related
- Multicast-broadcast Services (MBS) and Mission Critical (MC) Services
- IoT related enhancements

**UP
NEXT**

5G USE CASES, GAPS AND OPPORTUNITIES IN PUBLIC SAFETY

Sam Ray

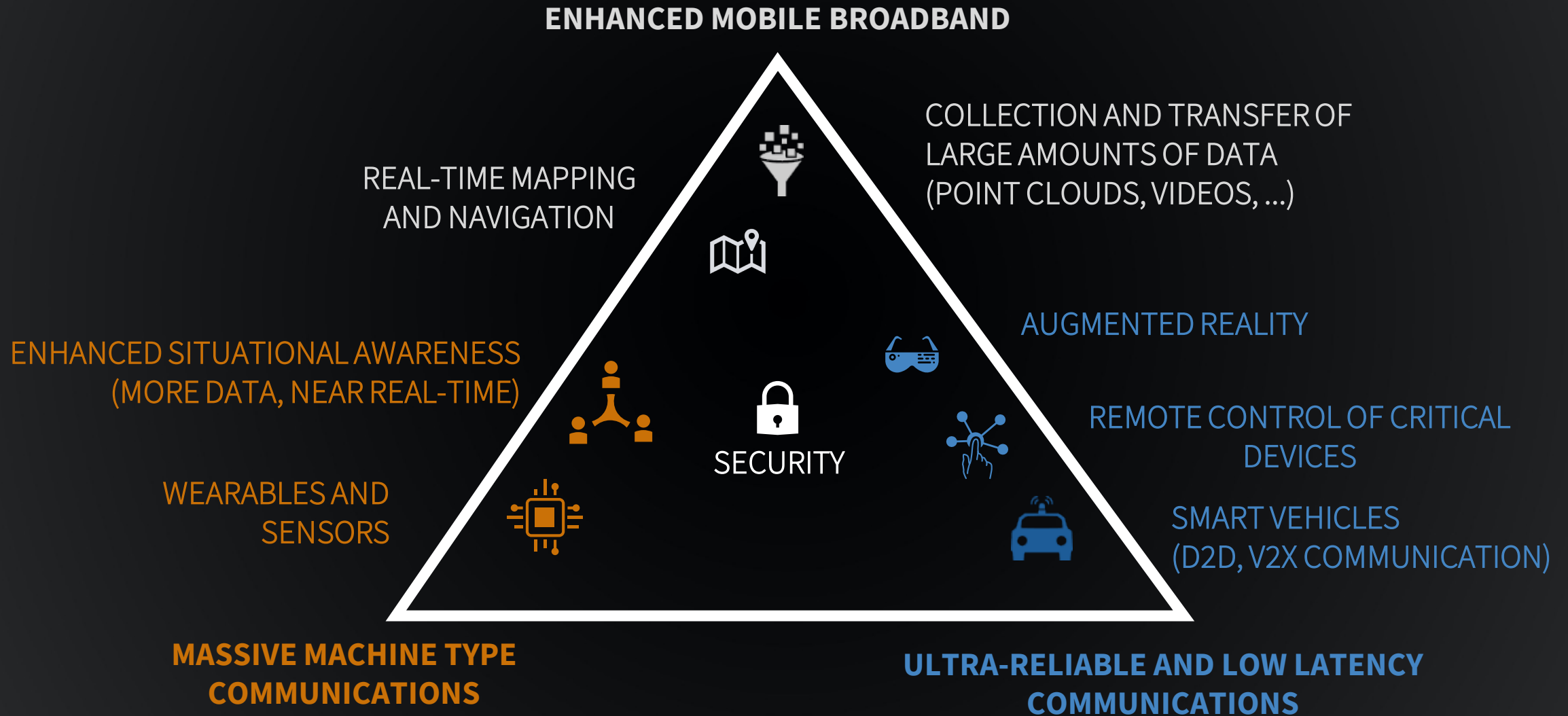
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5G PUBLIC SAFETY USE CASES



YET2 – GAPS AND OPPORTUNITIES IN 5G TECHNOLOGY FOR PUBLIC SAFETY APPLICATIONS



yet2 Market Opportunity Assessment for NIST

- Identify a list of promising new topics for further research in the area of 5G for public safety (e.g., opportunities and gaps that are yet to be researched/solved/fully developed).
- Share insights on which of these are promising technology categories versus those which may be considered simply hype/buzzwords.



yet 2

GAPS

GAPS THAT WERE IDENTIFIED / WHAT WE KNOW



General

- mmWave propagation
- Dense network deployments
- Public pushback (surveillance)
- mmWave spectrum variance/compatibility
- 5G public safety devices (power/range limits)
- Timeline for network coverage vs. device development



Resilient Systems

- Device-to-device (D2D) communications
- mmWave UAV channel optimization
- Public safety network slicing
- 5G backhaul



Mission Critical Comms

- PTT application standardization (3GPP)
- MCPTT limited device support
- LMR integration
- Cloud-based inter-PTT app delays



Security

- Security information exchange between databases and applications
- Divergent standards (US vs. rest of world)
- Multi-access Edge Computing (MEC)
- Resources/awareness in public safety orgs

GAPS THAT WERE IDENTIFIED / WHAT WE KNOW



Location Based Services

- Susceptible to malicious users
- PNT¹ backup to GPS
- Indoor 5G accessibility
- Seamless transfer (Wi-Fi/BLE²/5G)
- Wi-Fi vs. BLE vs. 5G (cost factor)
- Adoption challenges



User Interface/User Experience

- First responder use cases
- Network coverage limits for AR use
- Most AR/VR tech runs on Wi-Fi
- Understanding of 5G enabled functions that will save lives → responders and industry
- Support and testing across networks



PUBLIC SAFETY USE CASES

PUBLIC SAFETY USE CASES



General

SENSORS
& VIDEO

“Digital PPE¹”
Push-to-video via mobiles/wearables
Near real-time biomedical signals/video
High resolution video on demand
Real-time BWC² streaming
Video as a sensor (multiple use cases)

REMOTE

Drone-aided emergency response
Hyper responsive remote control
Telemedicine support
Autonomous vehicles (food, fuel, logistics)
Teleoperation of surveillance equipment



Mission Critical Comms

Critical push-to-talk (PTT) services
Emergency field network deployments



Resilient Systems

Self-backhauling for deployable systems
(integrated access and backhaul links,
in-band relay)
Device to device (or vehicle to vehicle)
when primary network fails



Security

TBD

PUBLIC SAFETY USE CASES



Location Based Services (LBS)

Video-as-a-sensor and LBS—geofencing,
personnel tracking
3D LBS (5G enhancements, new techniques)
Location tracking as “digital PPE”



User Interface/User Experience

Robot- or drone-enabled video
AR for EMT remote assistance (including AI¹)
AR for firefighter sight/vision through smoke
Video-as-a-sensor for anomaly detection
VR for training (EMT desensitization, de-
escalation, other)
AR for situational awareness (HUD²)



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A firefighter in full protective gear, including a helmet and SCBA, is shown against a dark background. The helmet's visor features a glowing blue digital HUD overlay with various gauges and data points. The firefighter's jacket is dark blue with yellow reflective stripes. The text "THANK YOU" is displayed in large, white, outlined letters to the right of the firefighter.

THANK YOU

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