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NIST Time and Frequency Bulletin

Kelsey Rodriguez, Editor

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January 2021



U.S. Department of Commerce Wynn Coggins, Acting Secretary

National Institute of Standards and Technology James K. Olthoff, Performing the Non-Exclusive Functions and Duties of the Under Secretary of Commerce for Standards and Technology & Director, National Institute of Standards and Technology

NIST TIME AND FREQUENCY BULLETIN NIST IR 8346-01

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1.	GENERAL BACKGROUND INFORMATION	. 2
2.	TIME SCALE INFORMATION	. 2
	BROADCAST OUTAGES OVER FIVE MINUTES AND WWVB PHASE PERTURBATIONS	. 4
4.	NOTES ON NIST TIME SCALES AND PRIMARY STANDARDS	. 4
5.	UTC (NIST) – AT1 PARAMETERS	5

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NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY, James K. Olthoff,
Performing the Non-Exclusive Functions and Duties of the Under Secretary of Commerce for
Standards and Technology & Director, National Institute of Standards and Technology

1. GENERAL BACKGROUND INFORMATION

ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS BULLETIN

ACTS - Automated Computer Time Service

BIPM - Bureau International des Poids et Mesures

GPS - Global Positioning System

IERS - International Earth Rotation Service

MC - Master Clock

MJD - Modified Julian Date

NIST National Institute of Standards and Technology - nanosecond SI - International System of Units μs microsecond TΑ - Atomic Time ms - millisecond - second TAI - International Atomic Time s **USNO** - United States Naval Observatory min - minute

UT1 - Universal Time (Astronomical)UTC - Coordinated Universal Time

2. TIME SCALE INFORMATION

The values listed below are based on data from the IERS, the USNO, and NIST. The UTC(USNO,MC) - UTC(NIST) values are averaged measurements from all available common-view GPS satellites (see bibliography on page 5). UTC - UTC(NIST) data are on page 3.

0000 HOURS COORDINATED UNIVERSAL TIME							
December 2020	,		UTC(USNO,MC) - UTC(NIST) (±20 ns)				
3	59186	-178.32 ms	-3.2 ns				
10	59193	-179.14 ms	-3.5 ns				
17	59200	-179.24 ms	-0.0 ns				
24	59207	-178.63 ms	-3.7 ns				
31	59214	-175.99 ms	-4.9 ns				

The master clock pulses used by the WWV, WWVH, and WWVB time-code transmissions are referenced to the UTC (NIST) time scale. Occasionally, 1 s is added to the UTC time scale. This second is called a leap second. Its purpose is to keep the UTC time scale within ± 0.9 s of the UT1 astronomical time scale, which changes slightly due to variations in the Earth's period of rotation.

NOTE: No leap second was added at the end of December 2020. No leap second will be introduced at the end of June 2021.

Positive leap seconds, beginning at 23 h 59 min 60 s UTC and ending at 0 h 0 min 0 s UTC, were inserted in the UTC time scale on 30 June 1972, 1981-1983, 1985, 1992-1994, 1997, 2012, 2015 and on 31 December 1972-1979, 1987, 1989, 1990,1995, 1998, 2005, 2008, 2016.

The use of leap seconds ensures that UT1 - UTC will always be held within ± 0.9 s. The current value of UT1 - UTC is called the DUT1 correction. DUT1 corrections are broadcast by WWV, WWVH, WWVB, and ACTS and are printed below. These corrections may be added to the received UTC time signals in order to obtain UT1.

-0.2 s beginning 0000 UTC 02 May 2019
-0.1 s beginning 0000 UTC 17 January 2019
+0.0 s beginning 0000 UTC 21 September 2018
+0.1 s beginning 0000 UTC 15 March 2018
+0.2 s beginning 0000 UTC 30 November 2017
+0.3 s beginning 0000 UTC 29 June 2017
+0.4 s beginning 0000 UTC 30 March 2017
+0.5 s beginning 0000 UTC 26 January 2017
+0.6 s beginning 0000 UTC 01 January 2017
-0.4 s beginning 0000 UTC 17 November 2016

The difference between UTC(NIST) and UTC has been within ±100 ns since July 6, 1994. The table below shows values of UTC - UTC(NIST) as supplied by the BIPM in their *Circular T* publication for the most recent 310-day period in which data are available. Data are given at ten-day intervals. Five-day interval data are available in *Circular T*.

0000 Hours Coordinated Universal Time							
DATE	MJD	UTC-UTC(NIST), ns					
Dec. 26, 2020	59209	-0.7					
Dec. 16, 2020	59199	-0.7					
Dec. 6, 2020	59189	-0.9					
Nov. 26, 2020	59179	0					
Nov. 16, 2020	59169	1					
Nov. 6, 2020	59159	1.2					
Oct. 27, 2020	59149	1.3					
Oct. 17, 2020	59139	0.3					
Oct 7, 2020	59129	0.8					
Sep. 27, 2020	59119	1.4					
Sep. 17, 2020	59019	0.3					
Sep. 7, 2020	59099	-0.7					
Aug. 28, 2020	59089	-0.9					
Aug. 18, 2020	59079	-0.6					
Aug. 8, 2020	59069	-0.3					
Jul. 29, 2020	59059	0					
Jul. 19, 2020	59049	-0.4					
Jul. 9, 2020	59039	0.2					
Jun. 29, 2020	59029	0.5					
Jun. 19, 2020	59019	-0.5					
Jun. 9, 2020	59009	-2.3					
May 30, 2020	58999	-2.4					
May 20, 2020	58989	-2.4					
May 10, 2020	58979	-2.3					
Apr. 30, 2020	58969	-1.7					
Apr. 20, 2020	58959	-1.1					
Apr. 10, 2020	58949	-0.7					
Mar. 31, 2020	58939	-1					
Mar. 21, 2020	58929	-0.7					
Mar. 11, 2020	58919	0.1					
Mar. 1, 2020	58909	0.1					
Feb. 20, 2020	58899	1.5					
Feb. 10, 2020	58889	2.2					

BROADCAST OUTAGES OVER FIVE MINUTES AND WWVB PHASE PERTURBATIONS

OUTAGES OF 5 MINUTES OR MORE							PHASE PERTURBATIONS 2 ms			
Station	Dec 2020	MJD	Began UTC	Ended UTC	Freq.	Dec 2020	MJD	Began UTC	End UTC	
WWVB	27 25 24 23 23 21 21 19	59210 59208 59207 59206 59206 59204 59204 59202	0254 0312 1223 0336 0059 1406 0233 2244	0412 0330 1252 0352 0109 1431 0248 2318	60 kHz 60 kHz 60 kHz 60 kHz 60 kHz 60 kHz 60 kHz 60 kHz	None				
WWV	None	00202		2010	00 1412	None				
WWVH	None					None				

4. NOTES ON NIST TIME SCALES AND PRIMARY STANDARDS

Primary frequency standards developed and operated by NIST are used to provide accuracy (rate) input to the BIPM and to provide the best possible realization of the SI second. NIST-F1 and NIST-F2, cold-atom cesium fountain frequency standards, have served as the U.S. primary standards of time and frequency since 1999. The uncertainty of NIST-F2 is currently about 1 part in 10¹⁶.

The AT1 scale is run in real-time by use of data from an ensemble of cesium standards and hydrogen masers. It is a free-running scale whose frequency is maintained as nearly constant as possible by choosing the optimum weight for each clock that contributes to the computation.

UTC is generated at the BIPM by use of a post-processed time-scale algorithm and is not available in real-time. The parameters that we use to generate UTC(NIST) in real-time are therefore based on an extrapolation of UTC from the most recent available data.

UTC(NIST) is generated as an offset from our real-time scale AT1. Time steps are never used. Instead, the frequency is steered so that the time output remains close to UTC. This is accomplished by using data published by the BIPM in its *Circular T* and by weekly estimates of UTC, which are published by the BIPM as *rapid UTC* or *UTCr*. Changes in the frequency may be made as often as once per week and are limited to ±2.3 x 10⁻¹⁴. The frequency of UTC(NIST) is kept as stable as possible at other times.

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5. UTC(NIST) - AT1 PARAMETERS

The table below lists parameters that are used to define UTC(NIST) with respect to our real-time scale AT1. To find the value of UTC(NIST) - AT1 at any time T (expressed as a Modified Julian Date, including a fraction if needed), the appropriate equation to use is the one for which the desired T is greater than or equal to the entry in the T_0 column and less than the entry in the last column. The values of $x_{\rm ls}$, x, and y for that month are then used in the equation below to find the desired value. The parameters x and y represent the offsets in time and frequency, respectively, between UTC(NIST) and AT1; the parameter $x_{\rm ls}$ is the number of leap seconds applied to both UTC(NIST) and UTC, as specified by the IERS. Leap seconds are not applied to AT1.

		UTC(NIST)	- AT1 = $x_{ls} + x$	$+y(T-T_0)$			
Month	X _{Is}	Х	у	T ₀	Valid until 0000 on:		
	(s)	(ns)	(ns/d)	(MJD)	(MJD)		
Dec 20	-37	-492946.15	-37.25†	59186	59215*		
Dec 20	-37	-492872.05	-37.05	59184	59186		
Nov 20	-37	-492427.45	-37.05†	59172	59184		
Nov 20	-37	-491758.75	-37.15	59154	59172		
Oct 20	-37	-491647.3	-37.15†	59151	59154		
Oct 20	-37	-491125.8	-37.25†	59137	59151		
Oct 20	-37	-490607.1	-37.05	59123	59137		
Sep 20	-37	-490346.35	-37.25†	59116	59123		
Sep 20	-37	-489898.15	-37.35†	59104	59116		
Sep 20	-37	-489487.85	-37.3	59063	59104		
Aug 20	-37	-488331.55	-37.30	59062	59093		
Jul 20	-37	-487834.75	-37.30†	59046	59062		
Jul 20	-37	-487213.95	-37.20†	59032	59046		
Jul 20	-37	-487176.60	-37.35	59031	59032		
Jun 20	-37	-486691.05	-37.35†	59018	59031		
Jun 20	-37	486166.05	-37.50†	59004	59018		
Jun 20	-37	-486054.45	-37.20	59001	59004		
May 20	-37	-485384.85	-37.2	58983	59001		
May 20	-37	-484903.85	-37	58970	58983		
Apr 20	-37	-483793.85	-37	58940	58970		
Mar 20	-37	-482646.85	-37	58909	58940		
Feb 20	-37	-482535.85	-37.00†	58906	58909		
Feb 20	-37	-482020.65	-36.80†	58892	58906		
Feb 20	-37	-481576.65	-37	58880	58892		
Jan 20	-37	-481243.65	-37.00	58871	58880		
Jan 20	-37	-480465.95	-36.80+	58850	58871		
Jan 20	-37	-480429.45	-36.50	58849	58850		
Dec 19	-37	-480210.45	-36.50†	58843	58849		
Dec 19	-37	-479989.95	-36.75†	58837	58843		

[†] Rate change in mid-month

^{*}Provisional value