

AMRF DATABASE REPORT FORMAT: PART MODEL

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AMRF DATABASE REPORT FORMAT: PART MODEL

I. INTRODUCTION

1. WHAT THIS MANUAL IS ABOUT

Many systems in the NBS Automated Manufacturing Research Facility (AMRF) need to manipulate part model data. Some systems, such as Design and Process Planning, must generate new models, access existing models, and update existing models. Other systems, such as the Cleaning and Deburring Workstation, only require access to existing models. Sharing of part model data is supported in the AMRF by the AMRF distributed data management system (IMDAS). Part models are stored in databases integrated with the IMDAS architecture, and these models are accessed by the application processes via queries through IMDAS. In the current architecture, a query concerning a part model, whether the query is an insert, delete, select, or update, always has an associated file containing the part model data. In the AMRF terminology, a data file associated with a query is termed a Database Report. This document specifies the format of part model database reports as used in the AMRF.

Part model database reports are similar in spirit to so-called "neutral" formats for geometry data such as IGES [ANSI81] or PDES [SMIT86]. AMRF part model database reports differ from IGES in that the part model reports contain mathematical model, feature, and tolerance data, while IGES files primarily contain drawing data. AMRF part model database reports are similar in content to the proposed PDES files. The AMRF part model database reports evolved before the PDES standard was available to fill a need in the AMRF. The actual data content of AMRF part model database reports and the proposed PDES files for mechanical parts appear to be quite similar. Current plans for the AMRF include studying this relationship, migrating AMRF part model support to conform to PDES, and using this experience to evaluate the conceptual models being used in PDES.

2. AUDIENCE

This document is intended for use by programmers implementing systems that make use of AMRF part model data. It is also intended as an introduction to the capabilities of the part model for systems analysts who must decide what applications can be supported by the AMRF part model. A set of software tools

exist that allow application programs to easily make use of the AMRF part model database report format; these are documented elsewhere [RESS87]. The use of part model data in the AMRF is described more fully in [TU87].

3. OVERVIEW

AMRF part model data consists of basic shape data (topology and geometry), features, and functionality (tolerances). The specifics of each of these three types of part model data are discussed in Section II of this document. Section III discusses the formal language techniques used to specify the format of the database reports. Appendices A through C provide a formal definition of the various sections of the part model report. Appendices D and E provide a formal definition of the data types and data structures referenced in the formal language semantics used in Appendices A through C. Finally, Appendix F contains sample part model database reports along with sketches of the parts being modeled.

II. CONTENTS OF THE AMRF PART MODEL REPORT

1. TOPOLOGY AND GEOMETRY

The topology and geometry of parts in the AMRF is represented in a solid model boundary hierarchy.

The structure of this hierarchy is shown in the following figure.

TOPOLOGY

GEOMETRY

solid

shell

face

surface

loop

edge

curve

vertex

point

Figure 1. Topology and Geometry Hierarchy of the Boundary Model

The format implements a considerable amount of data sharing. For instance, points that represent the

location of vertices can also be used in the definition of curves and surfaces.

All numeric data specified in the geometry section indicates inches unless the header section of the report contains a header entry UNITS = 'MM' . or UNITS = 'CM' ., in which case the units are millimeters or centimeters, respectively.

The topology and geometry sections of part model database reports define entities in the following dictionaries: shellDictionary, faceDictionary, loopDictionary, edgeDictionary, vertexDictionary, surfaceDictionary, curveDictionary, pointDictionary, and unitVectorDictionary.

2. FEATURES

The features section of AMRF part model reports defines part features as named collections of attribute values. Essentially arbitrary features can be defined. Attribute values are homogeneous lists of entities such as faces, edges, other features, and so forth. Heterogeneous lists of entities, such as face/edge pairs, are not directly supported, although such structures can be represented indirectly. The features section is intended to be a general feature definition facility. Several types of features being used in the AMRF have been specified in this way, and new feature types can be defined by additional formal language specifications.

Within the AMRF, functional features are collections of faces to be used in the definition of tolerances and datum reference frames. Functional features are either simple features, naming individual faces of a part, or pattern features, which are named collections of other functional features. Functional features are defined at the time the part is designed. Functional features and their definition in the part model report are described more fully elsewhere [CLAR87]. The other large class of features for which the grammar has been defined are machinable features. The definitions of specific machinable feature types and required attribute values for each type are specified in the process planning work elements for each workstation in the AMRF.

The features section of part model database reports defines entities in featureDictionary.

3. FUNCTIONALITY

The functionality section of AMRF part model reports defines

the tolerance information needed for process planning and quality control. The format is capable of representing all of the tolerance control capabilities defined by the ANSI Standard for dimensioning and tolerancing [ANSI82] except datum targets, multiple datum features, and free state variation. Support of dimensioning is limited to that implied by the geometry and topology. This consists primarily of linear dimensions, with limited support of angles and form dimensioning. A system for defining the functionality supported by the AMRF part model report format has been in use for some time in the AMRF [CLAR87].

The functionality section of part model database reports defines entities in the following dictionaries: toleranceDictionary, drfDictionary, and datumDictionary.

III. FORMAL LANGUAGE SYNTAX AND SEMANTICS

1. FORMAL LANGUAGE SYNTAX

The syntactic structure of part model reports is specified by a context-free grammar. The grammar has been annotated with semantic rules that define how such reports should be interpreted when parsed. The semantic rules specify the standard AMRF interpretation for these reports. As such, these rules should be viewed as a guide rather than a requirement for how a report parser should be implemented.

The syntax rules are of the form:

left-hand-side ::= right-hand-side

where left-hand-side is a single non-terminal symbol in the grammar and right-hand-side is a sequence of one or more grammar symbols. Grammar symbols in right-hand-side that are to appear verbatim in the report appear in boldface type. All other symbols are enclosed in angle brackets <like-this>. Terminal symbols other than literals are underlined. All terminal symbols should be recognized by the lexical scanner, as described below.

There is a special grammar symbol, <null>, that represents the empty string. <null> only occurs as the right-hand-side of a grammar rule. It indicates that the left hand side can be (but need not be) eliminated from a sentential form whenever it occurs in a parse. (The context in which left-hand-side occurs will determine whether such a "null rule" should be used.) Although <null> appears to denote a terminal symbol, the lexical scanner should never report recognition of <null>. The null rule

mechanism is being used as a convenience, as such rules can always be eliminated from a context-free grammar.

2. SEMANTICS

Semantic rules are associated with each reduction in the grammar. The semantic routines define how attributes for the left-hand side of a reduction should be computed from attributes of the right-hand side syntactic elements. This information can be directly translated into action rules for table-driven parsers such as those generated by the Unix YACC utility. They can also be incorporated into hand-built parsers, such as recursive descent parsers, generated without the aid of a parser-generator tool.

The semantic rules have been divided into two parts. The first part, labeled Semantics:, defines the actions that should be taken when a particular reduction is applied during the parsing. The second part, labeled Constraints:, defines consistency criteria that can be used at the time a reduction is applied to check for errors in the report. Note that these criteria have not been designed to check for errors in the parsing routines themselves. It should be noted that wherever consistency criteria require a test of equality or inequality between two real numbers, the test should be sensitive to the numerical inaccuracies.

Generally, a criterion of the form

$$\text{expr1} = \text{expr2}$$

should be implemented as a test

$$|\text{expr1} - \text{expr2}| < \text{epsilon}$$

where epsilon represents a tolerance for numerical accuracy. Similar comments apply regarding inequality constraints.

The semantic rules have been designed to make use of several global dictionary data structures. Semantic rules may specify modifications to one or more dictionaries as well as specifying values for left-hand-side attributes. Such dictionary modifications should be considered side effects of the semantic rules. They considerably simplify normal semantic processing, but can make error recovery considerably more complicated than it might be. Since we anticipate parsers will not require any sort of error recovery (other than simple error detection), this was not felt to be a problem.

Dictionaries can be any sort of convenient data structure, from a linked list to a hash table to a relational database. They function as symbol tables for objects named in the report. A dictionary should be considered an array of identical elements indexed by symbolic names. The dictionaries used in the grammar are listed in Table 1.

Dictionary Name

Contents

headerDictionary

keyword/value pairs

`toleranceDictionary`

tolerances

drfDictionary

datum reference frames

datumDictionary

datum features

`featureDictionary`

feature definitions

shellDictionary

shells

faceDictionary

faces

loopDictionary

edge loops

edgeDictionary

edges

`vertexDictionary`

`vertices`

surfaceDictionary

surface descriptors

curveDictionary

curve descriptors

pointDictionary

vectors

unitVectorDictionary

unit vectors

Table 1. Dictionaries Used by the Semantic Rules

Entries in all dictionaries except headerDictionary are named entities. The name of each entity does not change from one report to another. Entities in different dictionaries for a part may have the same name. (E.g., there may be a shell s1 and a surface s1.) These are distinct entities, and the grammar unambiguously determines the type associated with each identifier in the report. The headerDictionary is used to store part attributes, such as the part name or group technology code, that are specified in the header section of part model reports.

3. LEXICAL SCANNING

Aside from literals, the only terminal symbols in this grammar are <number>, <string>, and <identifier>. The following rules describe the lexical structure of these tokens, as well as the rules concerning token separators within a report.

<number> tokens have a val attribute representing the value of the number. Within part model database reports, this value is always taken to be a real number. Numbers are represented according to the following conventions:

1. All numbers are in base 10.

2. Only ASCII digits 0 through 9, a plus (+) or minus (-) sign, and a decimal point (.) are allowed in the representation. In particular, so-called scientific notation is not allowed.

3. If a decimal point is present, there must be digits on both sides of it.

Thus, 10.0 is the number ten, while 10. is the number ten followed

by the lexical token period (.). The purpose of this is to avoid

ambiguity in scanning numbers that might be followed by a period as

a separate syntactic element (as in the definition of <point>).

4. A plus or minus sign is optional. If present, it must be the first

character of the number. A plus sign is assumed if no sign is present.

5. Spaces are not allowed between any of the characters of a number; spaces represent the end of a lexical token.

<string> tokens have a string attribute representing the character string value of the token. Character strings are represented by ASCII printable characters enclosed in single quotes (''). The string value includes all characters between the quotes, exclusive of the quotes. A single quote can be represented in a string by two consecutive single quotes in the string. (E.g., 'I can't do it'). All white space characters (see below) are significant inside a string. Also, a string can extend over multiple text lines.

<identifier> tokens have a symbol value that represents the symbolic name (usually a character string value) for that identifier. <identifier> symbol values are used to index into dictionaries, as described above. Identifiers are sequences of from 1 to 16 alphanumeric ASCII characters, the first of which must be alphabetic. Identifiers are case-sensitive. That is, the identifier firstFace is different than the identifier firstface. As a rule, all identifiers in AMRF reports will contain only upper case letters.

White space characters (ASCII space, tab, cr, and lf) can appear anywhere between lexical structures. White space is mandatory between lexical structures that might otherwise be taken as a single token (such as in 1 2 3 three <number> tokens that would be scanned as a single <number> were the spaces not there.) White space is ignored except within strings and as it serves to delimit lexical tokens.

Comments can be included in a database report by enclosing them in comment delimiters. The delimiter that starts a comment is the two-character sequence /* and the ending delimiter is the two-character sequence */. Comments can appear anywhere in a database report except within strings, and are treated as white space. A comment can contain arbitrary text except for the two-character ending delimiter.

GLOSSARY

AMRF - The NBS Automated Manufacturing Research Facility

context-free grammar - A grammar (q.v.) in which the set of rules specify how individual grammar symbols can be replaced by strings of grammar symbols.

database report - A file associated with a database query. Database reports are the principal means of transferring large amounts of data between IMDAS and an application program.

features - Of a part, relationships among part definition data that are meaningful to an application.

Thus, for instance, form features are portions of the part shape such as pockets, grooves, or holes that are meaningful for machining.

functionality - Of a part, the data that specifies the constraints on the part imposed by the intended part function. In the AMRF part model, functionality is specified by tolerance data based on the U. S. standard for dimensioning and tolerancing (ANSI Y14.5M-1982).

geometry - For a solid, the data that specifies the geometric shape of faces, and edges, and the position of vertices.

grammar - A way of specifying a language by a set of symbols and rules for replacing symbols. The symbols may be terminals, which make up the vocabulary of the language (e.g., the words in an English dictionary), or non-terminals, which are the abstract components of the language (e.g., <noun phrase> or <verb phrase> in English). The rules specify the allowed replacement of grammar symbols by other grammar symbols. (E.g., "<noun phrase> ::= <article> <noun>" specifies that a noun phrase might be an article followed by a noun.)

IGES - The Initial Graphics Exchange Specification, a U. S. standard for exchange of drawing information between computer-aided-design systems. IGES is specified in ANSI Standard Y14.26M-1981.

IMDAS - The Integrated Manufacturing Data Administration System, a distributed, heterogeneous database environment developed as part of the AMRF.

literals - Terminal symbols (q.v.) of a grammar that may appear

literally in the language.

part model data - All the data needed to define the part being produced, including shape information (topology and geometry), features, and functionality (tolerance) data.

PDES - The Product Definition Exchange Specification, an ongoing standardization effort to specify the data needed to completely define a product in terms of components, assemblies, materials, and processes. The standardization effort addresses mechanical, electrical, and architectural applications.

solid model - The specification of the shape of a (3-dimensional) solid object. A solid model is distinguished from wire-frame or surface models in that it unambiguously separates the inside of an object from the outside.

syntax - The specification of the formal structure of a language, apart from any meaning or semantics. (E.g., "Time flies the moon" is correct English syntax.)

terminal symbols - The symbols of a grammar that correspond to vocabulary elements. A terminal symbol may be a literal (q.v.) or it may be an abstraction such as <proper name> that are specified by some means other than the grammar.

tolerance - The specification of the acceptable deviation from the as-designed nominal shape.

Tolerances used in the AMRF relate to dimensions or surface finish characteristics.

topology - For a solid object, the data that specifies the connectivity of the faces, edges, and vertices.

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A. TOPOLOGY AND GEOMETRY GRAMMAR

1. <part-description> ::= /PART_MODEL
 <header-section>
 <topology-section>
 <geometry-section>
 /END_PART_MODEL

Semantics: This reduction is the top level goal of the parsing; when it is applied, the report has been completely parsed. The meaning of the report is contained in the various dictionaries.

The name of the part is stored in headerDictionary, while the topology and geometry can be accessed by following pointers, starting with shellDictionary.

Constraints: NONE

2.<header-section> ::= /HEADER <header-entry-list> /END_HEADER

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: headerDictionary[name(PART_NAME)] should exist and have a "value" attribute value that is a string.

3.<header-entry-list> ::= <header-entry>

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

4.<header-entry-list> ::= <header-entry> <header-entry-list>

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

5.<header-entry> ::= <keyword> = <keyword-value> .

Semantics:

 establish headerDictionary[name(<keyword>)]

 value(headerDictionary[name(<keyword>)])
 value(<keyword-value>)

Constraints: headerDictionary[name(<keyword>)] should not

already exist.

- 6.<keyword> ::= <identifier>
Semantics: name(<keyword>) symbol(<identifier>)
Constraints: NONE
- 7.<keyword-value> ::= <string>
Semantics: value(<keyword-value>) string(<string>)
Constraints: NONE
- 8.<topology-section> ::= /TOPOLOGY
<shell-section>
<face-section>
<loop-section>
<edge-section>
<vertex-section>
/END_TOPOLOGY
Semantics: NONE
Constraints: NONE
- 9.<shell-section> ::= /SHELLS <shells> /END_SHELLS
Semantics: NONE
Constraints: Each entry in shellDictionary should have a faces attribute value. There must be at least one entry in shellDictionary.
10. <shells> ::= <shell>
Semantics: NONE
Constraints: NONE
11. <shells>1 ::= <shell> <shells>2
Semantics: NONE
Constraints: NONE
12. <shell> ::= <shell-id> ; <face-id-list> .

Semantics:
faces(shellDictionary[name(<shell-id>)])
faces(<face-id-list>)

for each face f in faces(<face-id-list>) {
 shell(f) LIST(head: shellDictionary[name(<shell-id>)],
tail: shell(f))
}

Constraints: shellDictionary[name(<shell-id>)] should not already have a faces attribute value.

13. <face-id-list> ::= <face-id>

Semantics:
faces(<face-id-list>) LIST(head:
faceDictionary[name(<face-id>)], tail: nil)

Constraints: NONE

14. <face-id-list>1 ::= <face-id> , <face-id-list>2

Semantics:
faces(<face-id-list>1)
LIST(head: faceDictionary[name(<face-id>)], tail:
faces(<face-id-list>2))

Constraints: NONE

15. <face-section> ::= /FACES <faces> /END_FACES

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: Each entry in faceDictionary should have surface, sense, and loops attribute values.

Each entry in faceDictionary should have a shell attribute value that is a list exactly one long.

16. <faces> ::= <face>

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

17. <faces>1 ::= <face> <faces>2

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

18. <face> ::= <face-id> ; <loop-id-list> ; <surface-tag> .

Semantics:

```
surface(faceDictionary[name(<face-id>)])
surface(<surface-tag>

sense(faceDictionary[name(<face-id>)])      sense(<surface-tag>)

loops(faceDictionary[name(<face-id>)])
loops(<loop-id-list>

for each loop l in loops(<loop-id-list>) {
  face(l)  LIST(head: faceDictionary[name(<face-id>)], tail:
face(l))
}
```

Constraints: faceDictionary[name(<face-id>)] should not already have values for surface, sense, or loop attributes.

19. <face> ::= <face-id> ; ; <surface-tag> .

Semantics:

```
surface(faceDictionary[name(<face-id>)])
surface(<surface-tag>

sense(faceDictionary[name(<face-id>)])      sense(<surface-tag>)

loops(faceDictionary[name(<face-id>)])      nil
```

Constraints: faceDictionary[name(<face-id>)] should not already have values for surface, sense, or loop attributes. surface(<surface-tag>) should be a closed surface type (currently, this must be a SPHERE or TORUS).

20. <loop-id-list> ::= <loop-id>

Semantics:

```
loops(<loop-id-list>)  LIST(head:
loopDictionary[name(<loop-id>)], tail: nil)
```

Constraints: NONE

21. <loop-id-list>1 ::= <loop-id> , <loop-id-list>2

Semantics:

```
loops(<loop-id-list>1)
```

LIST(head: loopDictionary[name(<loop-id>)] , tail:
loops(<loop-id-list>2))

Constraints: NONE

22. <surface-tag> ::= <surface-id> <sense>

Semantics:
surface(<surface-tag>) surfaceDictionary [name (<surface-id>)]
sense(<surface-tag>) sense(<sense>)

Constraints: NONE

23. <sense> ::= +

Semantics: sense(<sense>) POSITIVE

Constraints: NONE

24. <sense> ::= -

Semantics: sense(<sense>) NEGATIVE

Constraints: NONE

25. <loop-section> ::= /LOOPS <loops> /END_LOOPS

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: Each entry in loopDictionary should have edge
and sense attribute values. Each entry
in loopDictionary should have a face attribute value
which is a list exactly one long.

26. <loops> ::= <loop>

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

27. <loops>1 ::= <loop> <loops>2

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

28. <loop> ::= <loop-id> ; <edge-tag-list> .

 Semantics:

 edges(loopDictionary[name(<loop-id>)])
edges(<edge-tag-list>)

 senses(loopDictionary[name(<loop-id>)])
senses(<edge-tag-list>)

 for each edge e in edges(<edge-tag-list>) {
 loops(e) LIST(head: loopDictionary[name(<loop-id>)], tail:
loops(e))
 }

 Constraints: NONE

29. <edge-tag-list> ::= <edge-tag>

 Semantics:

 edges(<edge-tag-list>) LIST(head: edge(<edge-tag>), tail:
nil)

 senses(<edge-tag-list>) LIST(head: sense(<edge-tag>), tail:
nil)

 Constraints: NONE

30. <edge-tag-list>1 ::= <edge-tag> , <edge-tag-list>2

 Semantics:

 edges(<edge-tag-list>1)
LIST(head: edge(<edge-tag>), tail: edges(<edge-tag-list>2))

 senses(<edge-tag-list>1)
LIST(head: sense(<edge-tag>), tail: senses(<edge-tag-list>2))

 Constraints: NONE

31. <edge-tag> ::= <edge-id> <sense>

 Semantics:

 edge(<edge-tag>) edgeDictionary[name(<edge-id>)])

 sense(<edge-tag>) sense(<sense>)

 Constraints: NONE

32. <edge-section> ::= /EDGES <edges> /END_EDGES

 Semantics: NONE

Constraints: Each entry in edgeDictionary should have values for curve and sense attributes.

Each entry in edgeDictionary should have a loops attribute value that is a list exactly two long.

33. <edges> ::= <edge>

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

34. <edges>1 ::= <edge> <edges>2

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

35. <edge> ::= <edge-id> ; <vertex-id-list> ; <curve-tag> .

Semantics:

```
curve(edgeDictionary[name(<edge-id>)])      curve(<curve-tag>)
sense(edgeDictionary[name(<edge-id>)])      sense(<curve-tag>)

vertices(edgeDictionary[name(<edge-id>)])
vertices(<vertex-id-list>

    for each vertex v in vertices(<vertex-id-list>) {
        edges(v)  LIST(head: edgeDictionary[name(<edge-id>)], tail:
edges(v))
    }
}
```

Constraints: edgeDictionary[name(<edge-id>)] should not already have values for curve, sense,

or vertices attributes. vertices(<vertex-id-list>) should be a list exactly two long.

36. <edge> ::= <edge-id> ; ; <curve-tag> .

Semantics:

```
curve(edgeDictionary[name(<edge-id>)])      curve(<curve-tag>)
sense(edgeDictionary[name(<edge-id>)])      sense(<curve-tag>)

vertices(edgeDictionary[name(<edge-id>)])      nil
```

Constraints: edgeDictionary[name(<edge-id>)] should not already have values for curve, sense,

or vertices attributes. curve(<curve-tag>) must be a

closed curve (currently, it must be a CIRCLE).

37. <vertex-id-list> ::= <vertex-id>

Semantics:

vertices(<vertex-id-list>)
LIST(head: vertexDictionary[name(<vertex-id>)], tail: nil)

Constraints: NONE

38. <vertex-id-list>1 ::= <vertex-id> , <vertex-id-list>2

Semantics:

vertices(<vertex-id-list>1)
LIST(head: vertexDictionary[name(<vertex-id>)],
tail: vertices(<vertex-id-list>2))

Constraints: NONE

39. <curve-tag> ::= <curve-id> <sense>

Semantics:

curve(<curve-tag>) curveDictionary[name(<curve-id>)]
sense(<curve-tag>) sense(<sense>)

Constraints: NONE

40. <vertex-section> ::= /VERTICES <vertices> /END_VERTICES

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: Each entry in vertexDictionary should have a point attribute value. Each entry in vertexDictionary should have an edges attribute value that is a list at least 3 long.

41. <vertices> ::= <vertex>

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

42. <vertices>1 ::= <vertex> <vertices>2

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

43. <vertex> ::= <vertex-id> ; <point-id> .

Semantics:

point(vertexDictionary[name(<vertex-id>)])
pointDictionary[name(<point-id>)])

Constraints: vertexDictionary[name(<vertex-id>)] should not already have a point attribute value.

44. <geometry-section> ::= /GEOMETRY
<surface-section>
<curve-section>
<point-section>
<unit-vector-section>
/END_GEOMETRY

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

45. <surface-section> ::= /SURFACES <surfaces> /END_SURFACES

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: Each entry in surfaceDictionary should have a surface attribute value.

46. <surfaces> ::= <surface>

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

47. <surfaces>1 ::= <surface> <surfaces>2

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

48. <surface> ::= <surface-id> ; <surface-description> .

Semantics:

surface(surfaceDictionary[name(<surface-id>)])
surface(<surface-description>)

Constraints: surfaceDictionary[name(<surface-id>)] should not already have a surface attribute value.

49. <surface-description> ::= PLANE ; <unit-vector-id> ; <number>

Semantics:
surface(<surface-description>)
PLANAR_SURFACE(normal:
unitVectorDictionary[name(<unit-vector-id>)],
distance: val(<number>))

Note: The positive direction of the plane is along <unit-vector-id>.

Constraints: NONE

50. <surface-description> ::= CYLINDER ; <point-id> ; <unit-vector-id> ; <number>

Semantics:
surface(<surface-description>) CYLINDRICAL_SURFACE(
axis-point: pointDictionary[name(<point-id>)],
axis: unitVectorDictionary[name(<unit-vector-id>)],
radius: val(<number>))

Note: The positive direction of the cylinder is from the surface toward the axis.

Constraints: <number> > 0

51. <surface-description> ::= CONE ; <point-id> ; <unit-vector-id> ; <number>

Semantics:
surface(<surface-description>)
CONICAL_SURFACE(vertex: pointDictionary[name(<point-id>)],
axis: unitVectorDictionary[name(<unit-vector-id>)],
cone-angle-cosine: val(<number>))

Note: The positive direction of the cone is from the surface toward the axis.

Constraints: 0 < val(<number>) < 1

52. <surface-description> ::= SPHERE ; <point-id> ; <number>

Semantics:
surface(<surface-description>)

```
SPHERICAL_SURFACE(center: pointDictionary[name(<point-id>)] ,  
radius: val(<number>))
```

Note: The positive direction of the sphere is from the surface toward the center.

Constraints: val(<number>) > 0

```
53.   <surface-description> ::=  
TORUS ; <point-id> ; <unit-vector-id> ; <number>1 ; <number>2
```

Semantics:

```
surface(<surface-description>) TOROIDAL_SURFACE(  
center: pointDictionary[name(<point-id>)] ,  
axis: unitVectorDictionary[name(<unit-vector-id>)] ,  
major-radius: val(<number>1)  
minor-radius: val(<number>2))
```

Note: The positive direction of the torus is from the surface toward the major circle.

Constraints: val(<number>1) > val(<number>2) > 0

```
54.   <curve-section> ::= /CURVES <curves> /END_CURVES
```

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: All entries in curveDictionary should have a curve attribute value.

```
55.   <curves> ::= <curve>
```

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

```
56.   <curves>1 ::= <curve> <curves>2
```

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

```
57.   <curve> ::= <curve-id> ; <curve-description> .
```

Semantics:

```
curve(curveDictionary[name(<curve-id>)])  
curve(<curve-description>)
```

Constraints: curveDictionary[name(<curve-id>)] should not

already have a curve attribute value.

58. <curve-description> ::= LINE ; <point-id> ;
<unit-vector-id>

Semantics:

curve(<curve-description>)
LINEAR_CURVE(start: pointDictionary[name(<vector>)],
direction: unitVectorDictionary[name(<unit-vector-id>)])

Note: The positive direction is along the unit vector identified by <unit-vector-id>.

Constraints: NONE

59. <curve-description> ::= CIRCLE ; <point-id>1 ;
<unit-vector-id> ; <point-id>2

Semantics:

curve(<curve-description>)
CIRCULAR_CURVE(center: pointDictionary[name(<point-id>1)],
axis: unitVectorDictionary[name(<unit-vector-id>)],
start: pointDictionary[name(<point-id>2)])

Note: The positive direction is defined to be a right-hand rule. That is, the positive direction
is clockwise when viewing the circle along the direction identified by <unit-vector-id>.

Constraints: The vector from <point-id>1 to <point-id>2 should be orthogonal to <unit-vector-id>. That is, if

v1 = vec(pointDictionary[name(<point-id>1)]),

v2 = vec(pointDictionary[name(<point-id>2)]),

and

d = dir(unitVectorDictionary[name(<unit-vector-id>)])

then

(v2 - v1) · d = 0

60. <point-section> ::= /POINTS <points> /END_POINTS

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: All entries in pointDictionary should have a vec attribute value.

61. <points> ::= <point>

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

62. <points>1 ::= <point> <points>2

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

63. <point> ::= <point-id> ; <vector> .

Semantics:

vec(pointDictionary[name(<point-id>)]) vec(<vector>)

Constraints: pointDictionary[name(<point-id>)] should not already have a vec attribute value.

64. <vector> ::= <number>X , <number>Y , <number>Z

Semantics:

vec(<vector>) VECTOR(x: val(<number>X),
y: val(<number>Y),
z: val(<number>Z))

Constraints: NONE

65. <unit-vector-section> ::= /UNIT_VECTORS <unit-vectors>
/END_UNIT_VECTORS

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: All entries in unitVectorDictionary should have a dir attribute value.

66. <unit-vectors> ::= <unit-vector>

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

67. <unit-vectors>1 ::= <unit-vector-entry> <unit-vectors>2

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

68. <unit-vector-entry> ::= <unit-vector-id> ; <unit-vector>

Semantics:

dir(unitVectorDictionary[name(<unit-vector-id>)])
dir(<unit-vector>)

Constraints: unitVectorDictionary[name(<unit-vector-id>)]
should not already have a dir
attribute value.

69. <unit-vector> ::= <number>X , <number>Y , <number>Z

Semantics:

dir(<unit-vector>) UNIT_VECTOR(x: val(<number>X),
y: val(<number>Y),
z: val(<number>Z))

Constraints:

val(<number>X)² + val(<number>Y)² + val(<number>Z)² = 1

70. <shell-id> ::= <identifier>

Semantics:

name(<shell-id>) symbol(<identifier>)

If shellDictionary[name(<shell-id>)] does not exist:

establish shellDictionary[name(<shell-id>)]

name(shellDictionary[name(<shell-id>)]) name(<shell-id>)

Constraints: NONE

71. <face-id> ::= <identifier>

Semantics:

name(<face-id>) symbol(<identifier>)

If faceDictionary[name(<face-id>)] does not exist:

establish faceDictionary[name(<face-id>)]

name(faceDictionary[name(<face-id>)]) name(<face-id>)

```
shell(faceDictionary[name(<face-id>)])    nil
Constraints:  NONE

72.   <loop-id> ::=  <identifier>
      Semantics:
      name(<loop-id>)    symbol(<identifier>)
      If loopDictionary[name(<loop-id>)] does not exist:
          establish loopDictionary[name(<loop-id>)]
          name(loopDictionary[name(<loop-id>)])    name(<loop-id>)
          face(loopDictionary[name(<loop-id>)])    nil
      Constraints:  NONE

73.   <edge-id> ::=  <identifier>
      Semantics:
      name(<edge-id>)    symbol(<identifier>)
      If edgeDictionary[name(<edge-id>)] does not exist:
          establish edgeDictionary[name(<edge-id>)]
          name(edgeDictionary[name(<edge-id>)])    name(<edge-id>)
          loops(edgeDictionary[name(<edge-id>)])    nil
      Constraints:  NONE

74.   <vertex-id> ::=  <identifier>
      Semantics:
      name(<vertex-id>)    symbol(<identifier>)
      If vertexDictionary[name(<vertex-id>)] does not exist:
          establish vertexDictionary[name(<vertex-id>)]
          name(vertexDictionary[name(<vertex-id>)])    name(<vertex-id>)
          edges(vertexDictionary[name(<vertex-id>)])    nil
      Constraints:  NONE

75.   <surface-id> ::=  <identifier>
```

Semantics:
name(<surface-id>) symbol(<identifier>)

If surfaceDictionary[name(<surface-id>)] does not exist:
establish surfaceDictionary[name(<surface-id>)]
name(surfaceDictionary[name(<surface-id>)])
name(<surface-id>)

Constraints: NONE

76. <curve-id> ::= <identifier>

Semantics:
name(<curve-id>) symbol(<identifier>)

If curveDictionary[name(<curve-id>)] does not exist:
establish curveDictionary[name(<curve-id>)]
name(curveDictionary[name(<curve-id>)]) name(<curve-id>)

Constraints: NONE

77. <point-id> ::= <identifier>

Semantics:
name(<point-id>) symbol(<identifier>)

If pointDictionary[name(<point-id>)] does not exist:
establish pointDictionary[name(<point-id>)]
name(pointDictionary[name(<point-id>)]) name(<point-id>)

Constraints: NONE

78. <unit-vector-id> ::= <identifier>

Semantics:
name(<unit-vector-id>) symbol(<identifier>)

If unitVectorDictionary[name(<unit-vector-id>)] does not exist:
establish unitVectorDictionary[name(<unit-vector-id>)]
name(unitVectorDictionary[name(<unit-vector-id>)])
name(<unit-vector-id>)

Constraints: NONE

APPENDIX B. FEATURES GRAMMAR

```
1.<part-description> ::= /PART_MODEL  
<header-section>  
<features-section>  
<topology-section>  
<geometry-section>  
/END_PART_MODEL
```

Semantics: This reduction is the top level goal of the parsing; when it is applied, the report has been completely parsed. The meaning of the report is completely contained in the various dictionaries. The name of the part is stored in headerDictionary, while topology, geometry, and features data can be accessed by following pointers, starting with shellDictionary, toleranceDictionary, and featureDictionary.

Constraints: NONE

```
2.<features-section> ::= /FEATURES <features> /END_FEATURES
```

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

```
3.<features> ::= <feature>
```

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

```
4.<features>1 ::= <feature> <features>2
```

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

```
5.<feature> ::= <feature-id> ; <feature-type> ;  
<feature-attributes> .
```

Semantics:

type(featureDictionary[name(<feature-id>)])
type(<feature-type>)

atts(featureDictionary[name(<feature-id>)])
atts(<feature-attributes>)

Constraints: Constraints and additional semantics may be

defined by the application, based on the feature type. For instance, if <feature-type> is the token SIMPLE, then <feature-attributes> should consist of a single attribute, a list of faces (attribute key FACES) exactly one long.

6.<feature-type> ::= <identifier>
Semantics: type(<feature-type>) symbol(<identifier>)
Constraints: NONE

7.<feature-attributes> ::= <feature-attribute>
Semantics:
atts(<feature-attributes>) LIST(head:
att(<feature-attribute>), tail: nil)
Constraints: NONE

8.<feature-attributes>1 ::= <feature-attribute> ;
<feature-attributes>2
Semantics:
atts(<feature-attributes>1)
LIST(head: att(<feature-attribute>), tail:
atts(<feature-attributes>2))
Constraints: key(att(<feature-attribute>)) should not already occur as the key of any member of
atts(<feature-attributes>2).

9.<feature-attribute> ::= <feature-attribute-keyword> =
<feature-attribute-value-list>
Semantics:
Let
v INTERPRET(vals: values(<feature-attribute-value-list>),
as: attrib(<feature-attribute-keyword>))
then
att(<feature-attribute>)
ATT(key: attrib(<feature-attribute-keyword>), val: v)
Constraints: All attribute values in
<feature-attribute-value-list> must be interpretable as values of the type indicated by <feature-attribute-keyword>. If

```
<feature-attribute-keyword> is the
    name of a topology or geometry section of the part model
report (one of SHELLS, FACES,
    LOOPS, EDGES, VERTICES, SURFACES, CURVES, POINTS, or
UNIT_VECTORS),
    then each element of
values(<feature-attribute-value-list>) must be either nil or an
identifier
    naming an entity of the indicated type. The INTERPRET
function maps the identifier symbol
    value into the dictionary entry for that entity. Similar
comments apply if <feature-attribute-
keyword> names a section in the functionality section
(TOLERANCES, DRFS, or
    DATUMS), or names the FEATURES section. Otherwise, the
values in <feature-attribute-
value-list> are unrestricted.
```

10. <feature-attribute-keyword> ::= <identifier>

Semantics: attrib(<feature-attribute-keyword>)
symbol(<identifier>)

Constraints: NONE

11. <feature-attribute-value-list> ::= <feature-attribute-value>

Semantics:
values(<feature-attribute-value-list>)
LIST(head: value(<feature-attribute-value>), tail: nil)

Constraints: NONE

12. <feature-attribute-value-list>1 ::= <feature-attribute-value> , <feature-attribute-value-list>2

Semantics:
values(<feature-attribute-value-list>1)
LIST(head: value(<feature-attribute-value>),
tail: values(<feature-attribute-value-list>2))

Constraints: NONE

13. <feature-attribute-value> ::= <identifier>

Semantics: value(<feature-attribute-value>)
symbol(<identifier>)

Constraints: NONE

14. <feature-attribute-value> ::= <string>
Semantics: value(<feature-attribute-value>) string(<string>)
Constraints: NONE

15. <feature-attribute-value> ::= <number>
Semantics: value(<feature-attribute-value>) val(<number>)
Constraints: NONE

16. <feature-attribute-value> ::= <sense>
Semantics: value(<feature-attribute-value>) sense(<sense>)
Constraints: NONE

17. <feature-attribute-value> ::= <>null>
Semantics: value(<feature-attribute-value>) nil
Constraints: NONE

18. <feature-id> ::= <identifier>
Semantics:
name(<feature-id>) symbol(<identifier>)
If featureDictionary[name(<feature-id>)] does not exist:
establish featureDictionary[name(<feature-id>)]
name(featureDictionary[name(<feature-id>)])
name(<feature-id>)
Constraints: NONE

APPENDIX C. FUNCTIONALITY GRAMMAR

```
1.<part-description> ::= /PART_MODEL  
    <header-section>  
    <functionality-section>  
    <features-section>  
    <topology-section>  
    <geometry-section>  
    /END_PART_MODEL
```

Semantics: This reduction is the top level goal of the parsing; when it is applied, the report has been completely parsed. The meaning of the report is completely contained in the various dictionaries. The name of the part is stored in headerDictionary, while topology, geometry, features, and functionality data can be accessed by following pointers, starting with shellDictionary, toleranceDictionary, and featureDictionary.

Constraints: NONE

```
2.<functionality-section> ::= /FUNCTIONALITY  
    <tolerances-section>  
    <drf-section>  
    <datum-section>  
    /END_FUNCTIONALITY
```

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

```
3.<tolerances-section> ::= /TOLERANCES <tolerances>  
/END_TOLERANCES
```

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

```
4.<tolerances> ::= <tolerance>
```

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

```
5.<tolerances>1 ::= <tolerance> <tolerances>2
```

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

6.<tolerance> ::= <tolerance-id> ; <controlled-feature> ;
<tolerance-description> .

Semantics:

feature(toleranceDictionary[name(<tolerance-id>)])
feature(<controlled-feature>)

mods(toleranceDictionary[name(<tolerance-id>)])
mods(<controlled-feature>)

tol(toleranceDictionary[name(<tolerance-id>)])
tol(<tolerance-description>)

Constraints: toleranceDictionary[name(<tolerance-id>)]
should not already have feature, mods,
or tol attribute values.

7.<controlled-feature> ::= <feature-id>

Semantics:

feature(<controlled-feature>)
featureDictionary[name(<feature-id>)])

mods(<controlled-feature>) nil

Constraints: NONE

8.<controlled-feature> ::= <feature-id> , <modifiers>

Semantics:

feature(<controlled-feature>)
featureDictionary[name(<feature-id>)])

mods(<controlled-feature>) mods(<modifiers>)

Constraints: NONE

9.<modifiers> ::= <modifier>

Semantics:

mods(<modifiers>) LIST(head: mod(<modifier>), tail: nil)

Constraints: NONE

10. <modifiers>1 ::= <modifier> , <modifiers>2

Semantics:

mods(<modifiers>1) LIST(head: mod(<modifier>), tail:
 mods(<modifiers>2))

 Constraints: mods(<modifiers>1) must have at most one
 occurrence each of a CONDITION,
 PROJECT, or DIMENSION modifier attribute.

11. <modifier> ::= <material-condition>

 Semantics: mod(<modifier>) mod(<material-condition>)

 Constraints: NONE

12. <modifier> ::= <projected-tolerance-zone>

 Semantics: mod(<modifier>) mod(<projected-tolerance-zone>)

 Constraints: NONE

13. <modifier> ::= <dimensional-indicator>

 Semantics: mod(<modifier>) mod(<dimensional-indicator>)

 Constraints: NONE

14. <material-condition> ::= MMC

 Semantics: mod(<material-condition>) CONDITION("MMC")

 Constraints: NONE

15. <material-condition> ::= LMC

 Semantics: mod(<material-condition>) CONDITION("LMC")

 Constraints: NONE

16. <material-condition> ::= RFS

 Semantics: mod(<material-condition>) CONDITION("RFS")

 Constraints: NONE

17. <projected-tolerance-zone> ::= P = <number>

 Semantics: mod(<projected-tolerance-zone>)
PROJECT(val(<number>))

Constraints: val(<number>) > 0

18. <dimensional-indicator> ::= R

Semantics: mod(<dimensional-indicator>)
DIMENSION("RADIUS")

Constraints: NONE

19. <dimensional-indicator> ::= SR

Semantics: mod(<dimensional-indicator>)
DIMENSION("SPHERICAL RADIUS")

Constraints: NONE

20. <dimensional-indicator> ::= DIA

Semantics: mod(<dimensional-indicator>)
DIMENSION("DIAMETER")

Constraints: NONE

21. <dimensional-indicator> ::= SDIA

Semantics: mod(<dimensional-indicator>)
DIMENSION("SPHERICAL DIAMETER")

Constraints: NONE

22. <tolerance-description> ::= <intrinsic-characteristic> ;
<limits>

Semantics:
tol(<tolerance-description>)
IN_TOL(char: char(<intrinsic-characteristic>), limits:
limits(<limits>))

Constraints: If char(<intrinsic-characteristic>) is "SIZE",
"LIMIT", or "PLUS_MINUS",
limits(<limits>) should be a list exactly two long. All
other characteristics require the limits
to be a list of exactly one non-negative value.

23. <tolerance-description> ::= <extrinsic-characteristic> ;
<limits> ; <drf-id>

Semantics:
tol(<tolerance-description>)
EX_TOL(char: char(<extrinsic-characteristic>),
limits: limits(<limits>),
drf: drfDictionary[name(<drf-id>)])

Constraints: limits(<limits>) should be a list of exactly one non-negative value.

24. <intrinsic-characteristic> ::= SIZE

Semantics: char(<intrinsic-characteristic>) CHAR("SIZE")

Constraints: NONE

25. <intrinsic-characteristic> ::= STRAIGHTNESS

Semantics: char(<intrinsic-characteristic>) CHAR("STRAIGHTNESS")

Constraints: NONE

26. <intrinsic-characteristic> ::= FLATNESS

Semantics: char(<intrinsic-characteristic>) CHAR("FLATNESS")

Constraints: NONE

27. <intrinsic-characteristic> ::= CIRCULARITY

Semantics: char(<intrinsic-characteristic>) CHAR("CIRCULARITY")

Constraints: NONE

28. <intrinsic-characteristic> ::= CYLINDRICITY

Semantics: char(<intrinsic-characteristic>) CHAR("CYLINDRICITY")

Constraints: NONE

29. <intrinsic-characteristic> ::= LIMIT

Semantics: char(<intrinsic-characteristic>) CHAR("LIMIT")

Constraints: NONE

30. <intrinsic-characteristic> ::= PLUS_MINUS

Semantics: char(<intrinsic-characteristic>) CHAR ("PLUS-MINUS")

Constraints: NONE

31. <intrinsic-characteristic> ::= INTRINSIC_LINE_PROFILE

Semantics: char(<intrinsic-characteristic>) CHAR ("INTRINSIC_LINE_PROFILE")

Constraints: NONE

32. <intrinsic-characteristic> ::= INTRINSIC_SURFACE_PROFILE

Semantics:
char(<intrinsic-characteristic>) CHAR ("INTRINSIC_SURFACE_PROFILE")

Constraints: NONE

33. <extrinsic-characteristic> ::= EXTRINSIC_LINE_PROFILE

Semantics: char(<extrinsic-characteristic>) CHAR ("EXTRINSIC_LINE_PROFILE")

Constraints: NONE

34. <extrinsic-characteristic> ::= EXTRINSIC_SURFACE_PROFILE

Semantics:
char(<extrinsic-characteristic>) CHAR ("EXTRINSIC_SURFACE_PROFILE")

Constraints: NONE

35. <extrinsic-characteristic> ::= ANGULARITY

Semantics: char(<extrinsic-characteristic>) CHAR ("ANGULARITY")

Constraints: NONE

36. <extrinsic-characteristic> ::= PERPENDICULARITY

Semantics: char(<extrinsic-characteristic>) CHAR ("PERPENDICULARITY")

Constraints: NONE

37. <extrinsic-characteristic> ::= PARALLELISM

Semantics: char(<extrinsic-characteristic>) CHAR ("PARALLELISM")

Constraints: NONE

38. <extrinsic-characteristic> ::= CONCENTRICITY

Semantics: char(<extrinsic-characteristic>) CHAR ("CONCENTRICITY")

Constraints: NONE

39. <extrinsic-characteristic> ::= CIRCULAR_RUNOUT

Semantics: char(<extrinsic-characteristic>) CHAR ("CIRCULAR_RUNOUT")

Constraints: NONE

40. <extrinsic-characteristic> ::= TOTAL_RUNOUT

Semantics: char(<extrinsic-characteristic>) CHAR ("TOTAL_RUNOUT")

Constraints: NONE

41. <extrinsic-characteristic> ::= POSITION

Semantics: char(<extrinsic-characteristic>) CHAR ("POSITION")

Constraints: NONE

42. <limits> ::= <number>

Semantics: limits(<limits>) LIST(head: val(<number>), tail: nil)

Constraints: NONE

43. <limits> ::= <number>1 , <number>2
Semantics:
limits(<limits>) LIST(head: val(<number>1),
tail: LIST(head: val(<number>2), tail: nil))

Constraints: NONE

44. <drf-section> ::= /DRFS <drfs> /END_DRFS

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

45. <drfs> ::= <drf>

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

46. <drfs>1 ::= <drf> <drfs>2

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

47. <drf> ::= <drf-id> ; <datum-features> .

Semantics: drf(drfDictionary[name(<drf-id>)])
drf(<datum-features>)

Constraints: drfDictionary[name(<drf-id>)] should not already have a drf attribute value.

48. <datum-features> ::= <datum-feature>

Semantics:
drf(<datum-features>)
DRF(primary: datum(<datum-feature>), secondary: nil,
tertiary: nil)

Constraints: NONE

49. <datum-features> ::= <datum-feature>1 ; <datum-feature>2

Semantics:
drf(<datum-features>)
DRF(primary: datum(<datum-feature>1),

secondary: datum(<datum-feature>2),
tertiary: nil)

Constraints: NONE

50. <datum-features> ::= <datum-feature>1 ; <datum-feature>2
; <datum-feature>3

Semantics:
drf(<datum-features>)
DRF(primary: datum(<datum-feature>1),
secondary: datum(<datum-feature>2),
tertiary: datum(<datum-feature>3))

Constraints: NONE

51. <datum-feature> ::= <datum-id>

Semantics:
datum(<datum-feature>)
DATUM_FEATURE(datum: datumDictionary[name(<datum-id>)], mod:
nil)

Constraints: NONE

52. <datum-feature> ::= <datum-id> , <material-condition>

Semantics:
datum(<datum-feature>) DATUM_FEATURE(
datum: datumDictionary[name(<datum-id>)],
mod: mod(<material-condition>))

Constraints: NONE

53. <datum-section> ::= /DATUMS <datums> /END_DATUMS

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

54. <datums> ::= <datum>

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

55. <datums>1 ::= <datum> <datums>2

Semantics: NONE

Constraints: NONE

56. <datum> ::= <datum-id> ; <identifier> ; <feature-id> .

Semantics:

id(datumDictionary[name(<datum-id>)]) name(<identifier>)

feature(datumDictionary[name(<datum-id>)])
featureDictionary[name(<feature-id>)])

Constraints: No other entry in datumDictionary should have
an id attribute value of
name(<identifier>).

57. <tolerance-id> ::= <identifier>

Semantics:

name(<tolerance-id>) symbol(<identifier>)

If toleranceDictionary[name(<tolerance-id>)] does not
exist:

establish toleranceDictionary[name(<tolerance-id>)]

name(toleranceDictionary[name(<tolerance-id>)])
name(<tolerance-id>)

Constraints: NONE

58. <drf-id> ::= <identifier>

Semantics:

name(<drf-id>) symbol(<identifier>)

If drfDictionary[name(<drf-id>)] does not exist:

establish drfDictionary[name(<drf-id>)]

name(drfDictionary[name(<drf-id>)]) name(<drf-id>)

Constraints: NONE

59. <datum-id> ::= <identifier>

Semantics:

name(<datum-id>) symbol(<identifier>)

If datumDictionary[name(<datum-id>)] does not exist:

```
establish datumDictionary[name(<datum-id>)]  
name(datumDictionary[name(<datum-id>)]) name(<datum-id>)  
Constraints: NONE
```

APPENDIX D. DICTIONARY STRUCTURES

```
headerDictionary
  index: header keyword string
  contents:
    value: header keyword value string
```

```
toleranceDictionary
  index: tolerance id string
  contents:
    name: tolerance id string
    feature: controlled feature
    mods: list of feature modifiers
    tol: tolerance description
```

A feature data structure is an entry in featureDictionary. A feature modifier can be one of CONDITION, PROJECT, or DIMENSION data structures. A tolerance description can be one of IN_TOL (intrinsic tolerance) or EX_TOL (extrinsic tolerance). An IN_TOL has a tolerance characteristic and limits, and an EX_TOL has, in addition, a datum reference frame.

```
drfDictionary
  index: datum reference frame id string
  contents:
    name: datum reference frame id string
    drf: datum reference frame
```

A datum reference frame is a data structure of type DRF.

```
datumDictionary
  index: datum id string
  contents:
    name: datum id string
    id: datum name string
    feature: a feature that is the datum
```

A feature data structure is an entry in featureDictionary.

```
featureDictionary
  index: feature id string
  contents:
    name: feature id string
    type: feature type string
    attrs: list of feature attributes
```

A feature attribute is an ATT structure.

```
shellDictionary
  index: shell id string
  contents:
    name: shell id string
```

```
faces: list of faces
```

A face data structure is an entry in faceDictionary.

```
faceDictionary
  index: face id string
  contents:
    name: face id string
    surface: a surface
    sense: sense tag
    loops: list of loops
    shell: list of shells
```

A surface data structure is an entry in surfaceDictionary. A sense tag is a SENSE. A loop data structure is an entry in loopDictionary. A shell data structure is an entry in shellDictionary.

```
loopDictionary
  index: loop id string
  contents:
    name: loop id string
    edges: list of edges
    senses: list of sense tags
    face: list of faces
```

An edge data structure is an entry in edgeDictionary. A sense tag is a SENSE. A face data structure is an entry in faceDictionary.

```
edgeDictionary
  index: edge id string
  contents:
    name: edge id string
    curve: a curve
    sense: a sense tag
    vertices: a list of vertices
    loops: a list of loops
```

A curve data structure is an entry in curveDictionary. A sense tag is a SENSE. A vertex data structure is an entry in vertexDictionary. A loop data structure is an entry in loopDictionary.

```
vertexDictionary
  index: vertex id string
  contents:
    name: vertex id string
    point: a point
    edges: a list of edges
```

A point data structure is an entry in pointDictionary. An edge data structure is an entry in edgeDictionary.

```
surfaceDictionary
  index: surface id string
  contents:
    name: surface id string
    surface: a surface description
```

A surface description can be one of PLANAR_SURFACE,
CYLINDRICAL_SURFACE,
CONICAL_SURFACE, SPHERICAL_SURFACE, or TOROIDAL_SURFACE data
structures.

```
curveDictionary
  index: curve id string
  contents:
    name: curve id string
    curve: a curve description
```

A curve description can be one of LINEAR_CURVE or
CIRCULAR_CURVE data structures.

```
pointDictionary
  index: point id string
  contents:
    name: point id string
    vec: a vector
```

A vector is a VECTOR data structure.

```
unitVectorDictionary
  index: unit vector id string
  contents:
    name: unit vector id string
    dir: a direction
```

A direction is a UNIT_VECTOR data structure.

APPENDIX E. TYPE DEFINITIONS

CONDITION

Enumeration type, one of "MMC", "LMC", or "RFS"

PROJECT

A real number

DIMENSION

Enumeration type, one of "RADIUS", "SPHERICAL RADIUS",
"DIAMETER", or
"SPHERICAL DIAMETER"

IN_TOL

A structure with two fields:

char: an intrinsic tolerance characteristic
limits: a list of limits

An intrinsic tolerance characteristic is an enumeration type,
one of "SIZE", "STRAIGHTNESS",
"FLATNESS", "CIRCULARITY", "CYLINDRICITY", "LIMIT",
"PLUS-MINUS",
"INTRINSIC LINE PROFILE", or "INTRINSIC SURFACE PROFILE". A
limit is a number.

EX_TOL

A structure with three fields:

char: an extrinsic tolerance characteristic
limits: a list of limits
drf: a datum reference frame

An extrinsic tolerance characteristic is an enumeration type,
one of "EXTRINSIC LINE
PROFILE", "EXTRINSIC SURFACE PROFILE", "ANGULARITY", "PERPEN-
DICULARITY", "PARALLELISM", "CONCENTRICITY", "CIRCULAR
RUNOUT",
"TOTAL RUNOUT", or "POSITION". A limit is a number. A datum
reference frame data
structure is an entry in drfDictionary.

DRF

A structure with three fields:

primary: a datum feature
secondary: a datum feature
tertiary: a datum feature

A datum feature data structure is a structure with two
fields:

datum: a datum
mod: a CONDITION

A datum data structure is an entry in datumDictionary.

ATT

A structure with two fields:

key: an attribute keyword string

val: a list of attribute value interpretations

An attribute value interpretation is the result of interpreting an attribute value in terms of a keyword string. An attribute value type is the union of symbol, string, number, sense, or null.

An interpretation type is the union of the attribute value types and the entries in shellDictionary, faceDictionary, loopDictionary, edgeDictionary, vertexDictionary, surfaceDictionary, curveDictionary, pointsDictionary, unitVectorDictionary, toleranceDictionary, drfDictionary, or datumDictionary.

PLANAR_SURFACE

A structure with two fields:

normal: a direction

distance: a number

A distance data structure is an entry in unitVectorDictionary

CYLINDRICAL_SURFACE

A structure with three fields:

axis-point: a point

axis: a direction

radius: a number

A vector data structure is an entry in pointDictionary. A direction data structure is an entry in unitVectorDictionary.

CONICAL_SURFACE

A structure with three fields:

vertex: a point

axis: a direction

cone-angle-cosine: a number

A point data structure is an entry in pointDictionary. A direction data structure is an entry in unitVectorDictionary.

SPHERICAL_SURFACE

A structure with two fields:

center: a point

radius: a number

A point data structure is an entry in pointDictionary.

TOROIDAL_SURFACE

A structure with four fields:

center: a point

axis: a direction

major-radius: a number

minor-radius: a number

A point data structure is an entry in pointDictionary. A direction data structure is an entry in unitVectorDictionary.

SENSE

An enumeration type, one of POSITIVE or NEGATIVE.

LINEAR_CURVE

A structure with two fields:

start: a point

direction: a direction

A point data structure is an entry in pointDictionary. A direction data structure is an entry in unitVectorDictionary.

CIRCULAR_CURVE

A structure with three fields:

center: a point

axis: a direction

start: a point

A point data structure is an entry in pointDictionary. A direction data structure is an entry in unitVectorDictionary.

VECTOR

A structure with three fields:

x : a number

y : a number

z : a number

UNIT_VECTOR

A structure with three fields:

x : a number

y : a number

z : a number

APPENDIX F. EXAMPLES

The following pages contain listings of the database report for two parts. Both parts have been made in the AMRF, and the part model database report has been used in generating the process plans and in controlling shop floor operations for both parts. The first part, named "CAMCLEVIS_FV", is a cam clevis (a holding part), the design of which was also provided to the AMRF by the Navy. (The suffix "FV" is a naming convention that denotes that this part model is for the final workpiece after machining at the Vertical Workstation of the AMRF). The second part, named "PIPECLAMP_FV", is another holding part used by the Navy for clamping pipes in submarines.

Figure F-1. Sketch of "CAMCLEVIS_FV"

Figure F-2. Sketch of "PIPECLAMP_FV"

```

/PART_MODEL
/HEADER
    PART_NAME = 'CAMCLEVIS_FV' .
/END_HEADER
/TOPOLOGY
/SHELLS
    SHE001;
        FAC001, FAC002, FAC003, FAC004, FAC005,
        FAC006, FAC007, FAC008, FAC009, FAC010,
        FAC011, FAC012, FAC013, FAC014, FAC015,
        FAC016, FAC017, FAC018, FAC019, FAC020,
        FAC021, FAC022, FAC023, FAC024, FAC025,
        FAC026, FAC027, FAC028, FAC029, FAC030,
        FAC031, FAC032 .

/END_SHELLS
/FACES
    FAC001; LOP001, LOP002, LOP003, LOP004, LOP005; SUR001
+
    . .
    FAC002; LOP006, LOP007; SUR002 + .
    FAC003; LOP008, LOP009; SUR003 + .
    FAC004; LOP010, LOP011; SUR004 + .
    FAC005; LOP012, LOP013; SUR005 + .
    FAC006; LOP014, LOP015; SUR006 + .
    FAC007; LOP016, LOP017; SUR007 + .
    FAC008; LOP018; SUR008 + .
    FAC009; LOP019; SUR008 + .
    FAC010; LOP020; SUR009 - .
    FAC011; LOP021; SUR010 - .
    FAC012; LOP022; SUR011 - .
    FAC013; LOP023; SUR012 - .
    FAC014; LOP024; SUR013 + .
    FAC015; LOP025; SUR014 + .
    FAC016; LOP026; SUR015 + .
    FAC017; LOP027; SUR016 + .
    FAC018; LOP028, LOP029; SUR017 + .
    FAC019; LOP030, LOP031; SUR018 + .
    FAC020; LOP043; SUR019 + .
    FAC021; LOP032; SUR019 + .
    FAC022; LOP033; SUR020 - .
    FAC023; LOP034; SUR020 - .
    FAC024; LOP035; SUR021 + .
    FAC025; LOP044; SUR021 + .
    FAC026; LOP036, LOP045; SUR022 + .
    FAC027; LOP037, LOP046; SUR022 + .
    FAC028; LOP038; SUR023 + .
    FAC029; LOP039, LOP040; SUR024 + .
    FAC030; LOP041, LOP042; SUR025 + .
    FAC031; LOP047, LOP048; SUR026 + .
    FAC032; LOP049, LOP050; SUR026 + .

/END_FACES
/LOOPS
    LOP001; EDG001 -, EDG008 -, EDG007 +, EDG006 -, EDG005
+
    . .
    EDG004 -, EDG003 -, EDG002 - .

```

	LOP002;	EDG009	+	.							
	LOP003;	EDG010	+	.							
	LOP004;	EDG011	+	.							
	LOP005;	EDG012	+	.							
	LOP006;	EDG009	-	.							
	LOP007;	EDG013	+	.							
	LOP008;	EDG012	-	.							
	LOP009;	EDG014	+	.							
	LOP010;	EDG013	-	.							
	LOP011;	EDG015	+	.							
	LOP012;	EDG010	-	.							
	LOP013;	EDG016	+	.							
	LOP014;	EDG011	-	.							
	LOP015;	EDG017	+	.							
	LOP016;	EDG014	-	.							
	LOP017;	EDG018	+	.							
	LOP018;	EDG015	-	.							
	LOP019;	EDG017	-	.							
	LOP020;	EDG008	+, EDG019	+, EDG020	+, EDG021	-	,	EDG022			
- , EDG023		-	.								
	LOP021;	EDG006	+, EDG029	+, EDG030	-	,	EDG031	-	.		
	LOP022;	EDG002	+, EDG024	+, EDG025	-	,	EDG026	+	,	EDG027	
- , EDG028		-	.								
	LOP023;	EDG004	+, EDG034	+, EDG033	-	,	EDG032	-	.		
	LOP024;	EDG005	-	,	EDG031	+, EDG035	+, EDG036	-	,	EDG037	
+ ,											
	LOP025;	EDG003	+, EDG032	+, EDG042	-	,	EDG041	+	,	EDG040	
- , EDG024		-	.								
	LOP026;	EDG001	+, EDG028	+, EDG047	-	,	EDG046	-	,	EDG045	
- ,											
	LOP027;	EDG007	-	,	EDG023	+, EDG048	+, EDG049	-	,	EDG050	
+ , EDG029		-	.								
	LOP028;	EDG052	+, EDG053	+, EDG051	+	,	EDG026	-	.		
	LOP029;	EDG054	-	.							
	LOP030;	EDG055	-	,	EDG021	+, EDG057	-	,	EDG056	-	.
	LOP031;	EDG058	+	.							
	LOP032;	EDG063	-	,	EDG049	+, EDG066	+, EDG056	+, EDG065			
+ , EDG064		-	.								
	LOP033;	EDG047	+, EDG027	+, EDG051	-	,	EDG061	-	,	EDG067	
+ .											
	LOP034;	EDG043	+, EDG068	-	,	EDG065	-	,	EDG057	+, EDG020	
- .											
	LOP035;	EDG025	+, EDG040	+, EDG060	-	,	EDG052	-	.		
	LOP036;	EDG054	+	.							
	LOP037;	EDG058	-	.							
	LOP038;	EDG045	+, EDG071	+, EDG037	-	,	EDG072	-	.		
	LOP039;	EDG046	+, EDG067	-	,	EDG062	-	,	EDG073	+, EDG038	
- , EDG071		-	.								
	LOP040;	EDG069	+	.							
	LOP041;	EDG044	-	,	EDG072	+, EDG036	+, EDG075	-	,	EDG064	
+ , EDG068		+	.								
	LOP042;	EDG070	-	.							

```

        LOP043; EDG059 - , EDG062 + , EDG061 + , EDG053 - , EDG060
+, EDG041 - .
        LOP044; EDG022 + , EDG055 + , EDG066 - , EDG048 - .
        LOP045; EDG069 - .
        LOP046; EDG070 + .
        LOP047; EDG059 + , EDG042 + , EDG033 + , EDG039 - , EDG073
- .
        LOP048; EDG018 - .
        LOP049; EDG063 + , EDG075 + , EDG035 - , EDG030 + , EDG050
- .
        LOP050; EDG016 - .
/END_LOOPS
/EDGES
        EDG001; VTX001, VTX002; CRV001 + .
        EDG002; VTX002, VTX003; CRV002 + .
        EDG003; VTX003, VTX004; CRV003 + .
        EDG004; VTX004, VTX005; CRV004 + .
        EDG005; VTX006, VTX005; CRV005 + .
        EDG006; VTX006, VTX007; CRV006 + .
        EDG007; VTX008, VTX007; CRV007 + .
        EDG008; VTX008, VTX001; CRV008 + .
        EDG009; ; CRV009 + .
        EDG010; ; CRV010 + .
        EDG011; ; CRV011 + .
        EDG012; ; CRV012 + .
        EDG013; ; CRV013 + .
        EDG014; ; CRV014 + .
        EDG015; ; CRV015 + .
        EDG016; ; CRV016 + .
        EDG017; ; CRV017 + .
        EDG018; ; CRV018 + .
        EDG019; VTX001, VTX009; CRV019 + .
        EDG020; VTX009, VTX010; CRV020 + .
        EDG021; VTX011, VTX010; CRV021 + .
        EDG022; VTX012, VTX011; CRV022 + .
        EDG023; VTX008, VTX012; CRV023 + .
        EDG024; VTX003, VTX013; CRV024 + .
        EDG025; VTX014, VTX013; CRV025 + .
        EDG026; VTX014, VTX015; CRV026 + .
        EDG027; VTX016, VTX015; CRV027 + .
        EDG028; VTX002, VTX016; CRV028 + .
        EDG029; VTX007, VTX018; CRV029 + .
        EDG030; VTX017, VTX018; CRV030 + .
        EDG031; VTX006, VTX017; CRV031 + .
        EDG032; VTX004, VTX019; CRV032 + .
        EDG033; VTX019, VTX020; CRV033 + .
        EDG034; VTX005, VTX020; CRV034 + .
        EDG035; VTX017, VTX021; CRV035 + .
        EDG036; VTX022, VTX021; CRV036 + .
        EDG037; VTX022, VTX023; CRV037 + .
        EDG038; VTX023, VTX024; CRV038 + .
        EDG039; VTX024, VTX020; CRV035 + .
        EDG040; VTX013, VTX026; CRV039 + .
        EDG041; VTX025, VTX026; CRV040 + .

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EDG042; VTX025, VTX019; CRV041 + .
EDG043; VTX009, VTX027; CRV042 + .
EDG044; VTX028, VTX027; CRV043 + .
EDG045; VTX028, VTX029; CRV044 + .
EDG046; VTX029, VTX030; CRV045 + .
EDG047; VTX030, VTX016; CRV042 + .
EDG048; VTX012, VTX032; CRV046 + .
EDG049; VTX031, VTX032; CRV047 + .
EDG050; VTX031, VTX018; CRV048 + .
EDG051; VTX034, VTX015; CRV049 + .
EDG052; VTX014, VTX033; CRV050 + .
EDG053; VTX033, VTX034; CRV051 + .
EDG054; ; CRV052 + .
EDG055; VTX011, VTX035; CRV053 + .
EDG056; VTX035, VTX036; CRV054 + .
EDG057; VTX036, VTX010; CRV055 + .
EDG058; ; CRV056 + .
EDG059; VTX037, VTX025; CRV057 + .
EDG060; VTX033, VTX026; CRV058 + .
EDG061; VTX038, VTX034; CRV059 + .
EDG062; VTX037, VTX038; CRV060 + .
EDG063; VTX031, VTX039; CRV057 + .
EDG064; VTX039, VTX040; CRV061 + .
EDG065; VTX036, VTX040; CRV059 + .
EDG066; VTX032, VTX035; CRV058 + .
EDG067; VTX038, VTX030; CRV062 + .
EDG068; VTX040, VTX027; CRV063 + .
EDG069; ; CRV064 + .
EDG070; ; CRV065 + .
EDG071; VTX029, VTX023; CRV066 + .
EDG072; VTX028, VTX022; CRV067 + .
EDG073; VTX037, VTX024; CRV068 + .
EDG075; VTX039, VTX021; CRV070 + .

/END_EDGES
/VERTICES
    VTX001; PNT010 .
    VTX002; PNT011 .
    VTX003; PNT012 .
    VTX004; PNT013 .
    VTX005; PNT014 .
    VTX006; PNT015 .
    VTX007; PNT016 .
    VTX008; PNT017 .
    VTX009; PNT034 .
    VTX010; PNT035 .
    VTX011; PNT036 .
    VTX012; PNT037 .
    VTX013; PNT038 .
    VTX014; PNT039 .
    VTX015; PNT040 .
    VTX016; PNT041 .
    VTX017; PNT042 .
    VTX018; PNT043 .
    VTX019; PNT044 .

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VTX020; PNT045 .
VTX021; PNT046 .
VTX022; PNT047 .
VTX023; PNT048 .
VTX024; PNT049 .
VTX025; PNT050 .
VTX026; PNT051 .
VTX027; PNT052 .
VTX028; PNT053 .
VTX029; PNT054 .
VTX030; PNT055 .
VTX031; PNT056 .
VTX032; PNT057 .
VTX033; PNT058 .
VTX034; PNT059 .
VTX035; PNT062 .
VTX036; PNT063 .
VTX037; PNT065 .
VTX038; PNT066 .
VTX039; PNT067 .
VTX040; PNT068 .

/END_VERTICES
/END_TOPOLOGY
/GEOMETRY
/SURFACES
    SUR001; PLANE; UNV003; 0.00000 .
    SUR002; CONE; PNT007; UNV006; 0.70711 .
    SUR003; CONE; PNT008; UNV006; 0.70711 .
    SUR004; CYLINDER; PNT001; UNV003; 0.15625 .
    SUR005; CYLINDER; PNT002; UNV003; 0.15625 .
    SUR006; CYLINDER; PNT003; UNV003; 0.15625 .
    SUR007; CYLINDER; PNT004; UNV003; 0.15625 .
    SUR008; PLANE; UNV006; -0.37500 .
    SUR009; CYLINDER; PNT001; UNV003; 0.25000 .
    SUR010; CYLINDER; PNT002; UNV003; 0.25000 .
    SUR011; CYLINDER; PNT003; UNV003; 0.25000 .
    SUR012; CYLINDER; PNT004; UNV003; 0.25000 .
    SUR013; PLANE; UNV002; 1.37500 .
    SUR014; PLANE; UNV001; 1.37500 .
    SUR015; PLANE; UNV005; 0.00000 .
    SUR016; PLANE; UNV004; 0.00000 .
    SUR017; PLANE; UNV001; 1.18750 .
    SUR018; PLANE; UNV004; -0.18750 .
    SUR019; PLANE; UNV002; 0.75000 .
    SUR020; CYLINDER; PNT009; UNV001; 0.37500 .
    SUR021; PLANE; UNV003; 0.50000 .
    SUR022; CYLINDER; PNT009; UNV001; 0.19660 .
    SUR023; PLANE; UNV003; 0.25000 .
    SUR024; PLANE; UNV004; -0.93750 .
    SUR025; PLANE; UNV001; 0.43750 .
    SUR026; PLANE; UNV002; 0.37500 .

/END_SURFACES
/CURVES
    CRV001; LINE; PNT010; UNV001 .

```

CRV002; CIRCLE; PNT003; UNV003; PNT011.
CRV003; LINE; PNT012; UNV002 .
CRV004; CIRCLE; PNT004; UNV003; PNT013.
CRV005; LINE; PNT015; UNV001 .
CRV006; CIRCLE; PNT002; UNV003; PNT015.
CRV007; LINE; PNT017; UNV002 .
CRV008; CIRCLE; PNT001; UNV003; PNT010.
CRV009; CIRCLE; PNT001; UNV003; PNT018.
CRV010; CIRCLE; PNT002; UNV003; PNT019.
CRV011; CIRCLE; PNT003; UNV003; PNT020.
CRV012; CIRCLE; PNT004; UNV003; PNT021.
CRV013; CIRCLE; PNT022; UNV003; PNT023.
CRV014; CIRCLE; PNT024; UNV003; PNT025.
CRV015; CIRCLE; PNT026; UNV003; PNT030.
CRV016; CIRCLE; PNT027; UNV003; PNT031.
CRV017; CIRCLE; PNT028; UNV003; PNT032.
CRV018; CIRCLE; PNT029; UNV003; PNT033.
CRV019; LINE; PNT010; UNV003 .
CRV020; LINE; PNT034; UNV007 .
CRV021; LINE; PNT036; UNV003 .
CRV022; CIRCLE; PNT073; UNV003; PNT037.
CRV023; LINE; PNT017; UNV003 .
CRV024; LINE; PNT012; UNV003 .
CRV025; CIRCLE; PNT074; UNV003; PNT038.
CRV026; LINE; PNT039; UNV003 .
CRV027; LINE; PNT041; UNV008 .
CRV028; LINE; PNT011; UNV003 .
CRV029; LINE; PNT016; UNV003 .
CRV030; CIRCLE; PNT027; UNV003; PNT042.
CRV031; LINE; PNT015; UNV003 .
CRV032; LINE; PNT013; UNV003 .
CRV033; CIRCLE; PNT029; UNV003; PNT044.
CRV034; LINE; PNT014; UNV003 .
CRV035; LINE; PNT042; UNV001 .
CRV036; LINE; PNT047; UNV003 .
CRV037; LINE; PNT047; UNV001 .
CRV038; LINE; PNT048; UNV003 .
CRV039; LINE; PNT038; UNV002 .
CRV040; LINE; PNT050; UNV003 .
CRV041; LINE; PNT050; UNV002 .
CRV042; LINE; PNT034; UNV001 .
CRV043; LINE; PNT053; UNV003 .
CRV044; LINE; PNT053; UNV001 .
CRV045; LINE; PNT054; UNV003 .
CRV046; LINE; PNT037; UNV002 .
CRV047; LINE; PNT056; UNV003 .
CRV048; LINE; PNT056; UNV002 .
CRV049; CIRCLE; PNT060; UNV001; PNT059.
CRV050; LINE; PNT039; UNV002 .
CRV051; LINE; PNT058; UNV003 .
CRV052; CIRCLE; PNT060; UNV001; PNT061.
CRV053; LINE; PNT036; UNV002 .
CRV054; LINE; PNT062; UNV003 .
CRV055; CIRCLE; PNT009; UNV001; PNT063.

CRV056; CIRCLE; PNT009; UNV001; PNT064.
CRV057; LINE; PNT056; UNV001 .
CRV058; LINE; PNT057; UNV001 .
CRV059; LINE; PNT063; UNV001 .
CRV060; LINE; PNT065; UNV003 .
CRV061; LINE; PNT067; UNV003 .
CRV062; CIRCLE; PNT069; UNV001; PNT066.
CRV063; CIRCLE; PNT070; UNV001; PNT068.
CRV064; CIRCLE; PNT069; UNV001; PNT071.
CRV065; CIRCLE; PNT070; UNV001; PNT072.
CRV066; LINE; PNT054; UNV002 .
CRV067; LINE; PNT053; UNV002 .
CRV068; LINE; PNT065; UNV002 .
CRV070; LINE; PNT067; UNV002 .

/END_CURVES
/POINTS

PNT001; 0.25000, 0.25000, 0.00000 .
PNT002; 0.25000, 1.12500, 0.00000 .
PNT003; 1.12500, 0.25000, 0.00000 .
PNT004; 1.12500, 1.12500, 0.00000 .
PNT005; 0.25000, 0.25000, 0.32375 .
PNT006; 1.12500, 1.12500, 0.32375 .
PNT007; 0.25000, 0.25000, 0.11050 .
PNT008; 0.25000, 0.25000, 0.11050 .
PNT009; 0.18750, 0.37500, 0.85900 .
PNT010; 0.25000, 0.00000, 0.00000 .
PNT011; 1.12500, 0.00000, 0.00000 .
PNT012; 1.37500, 0.25000, 0.00000 .
PNT013; 1.37500, 1.12500, 0.00000 .
PNT014; 1.12500, 1.37500, 0.00000 .
PNT015; 0.25000, 1.37500, 0.00000 .
PNT016; 0.00000, 1.12500, 0.00000 .
PNT017; 0.00000, 0.25000, 0.00000 .
PNT018; 0.25000, 0.13950, 0.00000 .
PNT019; 0.25000, 1.04688, 0.00000 .
PNT020; 1.12500, 0.17188, 0.00000 .
PNT021; 1.12500, 1.01450, 0.00000 .
PNT022; 0.25000, 0.25000, 0.03237 .
PNT023; 0.25000, 0.17188, 0.03237 .
PNT024; 1.12500, 1.12500, 0.03237 .
PNT025; 1.12500, 1.04688, 0.03237 .
PNT026; 0.25000, 0.25000, 0.37500 .
PNT027; 0.25000, 1.12500, 0.37500 .
PNT028; 1.12500, 0.25000, 0.37500 .
PNT029; 1.12500, 1.12500, 0.37500 .
PNT030; 0.25000, 0.17188, 0.37500 .
PNT031; 0.25000, 1.04688, 0.37500 .
PNT032; 1.12500, 0.17188, 0.37500 .
PNT033; 1.12500, 1.04688, 0.37500 .
PNT034; 0.25000, 0.00000, 0.85900 .
PNT035; 0.18750, 0.00794, 0.93575 .
PNT036; 0.18750, 0.00794, 0.50000 .
PNT037; 0.00000, 0.25000, 0.50000 .
PNT038; 1.37500, 0.25000, 0.50000 .

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PNT039; 1.18750, 0.00794, 0.50000 .
PNT040; 1.18750, 0.00794, 0.93575 .
PNT041; 1.12500, 0.00000, 0.85900 .
PNT042; 0.25000, 1.37500, 0.37500 .
PNT043; 0.00000, 1.12500, 0.37500 .
PNT044; 1.37500, 1.12500, 0.37500 .
PNT045; 1.12500, 1.37500, 0.37500 .
PNT046; 0.43750, 1.37500, 0.37500 .
PNT047; 0.43750, 1.37500, 0.25000 .
PNT048; 0.93750, 1.37500, 0.25000 .
PNT049; 0.93750, 1.37500, 0.37500 .
PNT050; 1.37500, 0.75000, 0.37500 .
PNT051; 1.37500, 0.75000, 0.50000 .
PNT052; 0.43750, 0.00000, 0.85900 .
PNT053; 0.43750, 0.00000, 0.25000 .
PNT054; 0.93750, 0.00000, 0.25000 .
PNT055; 0.93750, 0.00000, 0.85900 .
PNT056; 0.00000, 0.75000, 0.37500 .
PNT057; 0.00000, 0.75000, 0.50000 .
PNT058; 1.18750, 0.75000, 0.50000 .
PNT059; 1.18750, 0.75000, 0.85900 .
PNT060; 1.18750, 0.37500, 0.85900 .
PNT061; 1.18750, 0.27670, 0.85900 .
PNT062; 0.18750, 0.75000, 0.50000 .
PNT063; 0.18750, 0.75000, 0.85900 .
PNT064; 0.18750, 0.27670, 0.85900 .
PNT065; 0.93750, 0.75000, 0.37500 .
PNT066; 0.93750, 0.75000, 0.85900 .
PNT067; 0.43750, 0.75000, 0.37500 .
PNT068; 0.43750, 0.75000, 0.85900 .
PNT069; 0.93750, 0.37500, 0.85900 .
PNT070; 0.43750, 0.37500, 0.85900 .
PNT071; 0.93750, 0.27670, 0.85900 .
PNT072; 0.43750, 0.27670, 0.85900 .
PNT073; 0.25000, 0.25000, 0.50000 .
PNT074; 1.12500, 0.25000, 0.50000 .

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    UNV001; 1.00000, 0.00000, 0.00000 .
    UNV002; 0.00000, 1.00000, 0.00000 .
    UNV003; 0.00000, 0.00000, 1.00000 .
    UNV004; -1.00000, 0.00000, 0.00000 .
    UNV005; 0.00000, -1.00000, 0.00000 .
    UNV006; 0.00000, 0.00000, -1.00000 .
    UNV007; -0.62943, 0.07996, 0.77293 .
    UNV008; 0.62943, 0.07996, 0.77293 .

/END_UNIT_VECTORS
/END_GEOMETRY
/FEATURES
    FEAT1; SIMPLE; FACES = FAC005 .
    FEAT2; SIMPLE; FACES = FAC004 .
    FEAT3; SIMPLE; FACES = FAC006 .
    FEAT4; SIMPLE; FACES = FAC007 .
    FEAT5; PATTERN; FEATURES = FEAT2 , FEAT3 .

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FEAT6; PATTERN; FEATURES = FEAT4 , FEAT3 .
FEAT7; SIMPLE; FACES = FAC026 .
FEAT8; SIMPLE; FACES = FAC027 .
FEAT9; SIMPLE; FACES = FAC001 .
FEAT10; SIMPLE; FACES = FAC032 .
FEAT11; SIMPLE; FACES = FAC031 .
FEAT12; PATTERN; FEATURES = FEAT10 , FEAT11 .
FEAT13; SIMPLE; FACES = FAC008 .
FTR014; PATTERN; FEATURES = FEAT13 , FEAT9 .
FTR015; PATTERN; FEATURES = FEAT8 , FEAT7 .
FTR016; HOLE; FACES = FAC001; FEATURES = FEAT2, FEAT3

/END_FEATURES
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/TOLERANCES
    TOL001; FTR014; PLUS_MINUS; 0.06200 0.00000 .
    TOL002; FTR015; PARALLELISM; 0.00100 ; DRF001 .
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    DAT001; 'A'; FEAT9 .
/END_DATUMS
/DRFS
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/END_FUNCTIONALITY
/END_PART_MODEL
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/HEADER
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    SHL001; FAC001, FAC002, FAC003, FAC004, FAC005,
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              FAC011, FAC012, FAC013, FAC014, FAC015,
              FAC016, FAC017, FAC018, FAC019, FAC020,
              FAC021, FAC022, FAC023, FAC024, FAC025,
              FAC026, FAC027, FAC028 .

/END_SHELLS
/FACES
    FAC001; LOP001; SUR001 - .
    FAC002; LOP002; SUR002 + .
    FAC003; LOP003; SUR003 + .
    FAC004; LOP004; SUR004 - .
    FAC005; LOP005; SUR005 + .
    FAC006; LOP006, LOP030; SUR006 + .
    FAC007; LOP007; SUR007 + .
    FAC008; LOP008; SUR008 + .
    FAC009; LOP009; SUR009 + .
    FAC010; LOP010; SUR010 + .
    FAC011; LOP011; SUR011 + .
    FAC012; LOP012, LOP032; SUR012 - .
    FAC013; LOP013; SUR013 - .
    FAC014; LOP014, LOP031; SUR014 + .
    FAC015; LOP015, LOP033; SUR015 + .
    FAC016; LOP016, LOP034; SUR016 + .
    FAC017; LOP017, LOP037; SUR017 + .
    FAC018; LOP018, LOP038; SUR018 + .
    FAC019; LOP019, LOP039; SUR019 + .
    FAC020; LOP020, LOP042; SUR020 + .
    FAC021; LOP021, LOP044; SUR021 + .
    FAC022; LOP022, LOP036, LOP041; SUR022 - .
    FAC023; LOP023, LOP040, LOP045; SUR023 + .
    FAC024; LOP024, LOP029; SUR001 - .
    FAC025; LOP025; SUR001 - .
    FAC026; LOP026, LOP035; SUR008 + .
    FAC027; LOP027; SUR008 + .
    FAC028; LOP028, LOP043; SUR018 + .

/END_FACES
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    LOP001; EDG001 +, EDG041 +, EDG025 -, EDG040 - .
    LOP002; EDG002 -, EDG042 +, EDG026 +, EDG041 - .
    LOP003; EDG003 -, EDG044 +, EDG027 +, EDG043 - .
    LOP004; EDG004 +, EDG046 +, EDG028 -, EDG045 - .
    LOP005; EDG005 +, EDG047 +, EDG029 -, EDG046 - .
    LOP006; EDG006 -, EDG048 +, EDG030 +, EDG047 - .
    LOP007; EDG007 -, EDG049 +, EDG031 +, EDG048 - .
    LOP008; EDG008 +, EDG050 +, EDG032 -, EDG049 - .
    LOP009; EDG009 -, EDG051 +, EDG033 +, EDG050 - .
    LOP010; EDG010 -, EDG053 +, EDG034 +, EDG052 - .

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    LOP011; EDG011 - , EDG055 + , EDG035 + , EDG054 - .
    LOP012; EDG012 - , EDG056 + , EDG036 + , EDG055 - .
    LOP013; EDG013 + , EDG040 + , EDG037 - , EDG056 - .
    LOP014; EDG016 - .
    LOP015; EDG018 - .
    LOP016; EDG019 - .
    LOP017; EDG014 - .
    LOP018; EDG022 + .
    LOP019; EDG022 - .
    LOP020; EDG015 - .
    LOP021; EDG024 - .
    LOP022; EDG001 - , EDG013 - , EDG012 + , EDG011 + , EDG060
    - ,
                    EDG010 + , EDG059 - , EDG009 + , EDG008 - , EDG007
    + ,
                    EDG006 + , EDG005 - , EDG004 - , EDG058 - , EDG003
    + ,
                    EDG057 - , EDG002 + .
    LOP023; EDG025 + , EDG026 - , EDG061 + , EDG027 - , EDG062
    + ,
                    EDG028 + , EDG029 + , EDG030 - , EDG031 - , EDG032
    + ,
                    EDG033 - , EDG063 + , EDG034 - , EDG064 + , EDG035
    - ,
                    EDG036 - , EDG037 + .
    LOP024; EDG057 + , EDG043 + , EDG061 - , EDG042 - .
    LOP025; EDG058 + , EDG045 + , EDG062 - , EDG044 - .
    LOP026; EDG059 + , EDG052 + , EDG063 - , EDG051 - .
    LOP027; EDG060 + , EDG054 + , EDG064 - , EDG053 - .
    LOP028; EDG024 + .
    LOP029; EDG016 + .
    LOP030; EDG017 - .
    LOP031; EDG017 + .
    LOP032; EDG018 + .
    LOP033; EDG019 + .
    LOP034; EDG020 + .
    LOP035; EDG020 - .
    LOP036; EDG014 + .
    LOP037; EDG021 + .
    LOP038; EDG021 - .
    LOP039; EDG038 + .
    LOP040; EDG038 - .
    LOP041; EDG015 + .
    LOP042; EDG023 + .
    LOP043; EDG023 - .
    LOP044; EDG039 + .
    LOP045; EDG039 - .

/END LOOPS
/EDGES
    EDG001; VTX001, VTX002; CRV001 + .
    EDG002; VTX004, VTX002; CRV002 + .
    EDG003; VTX007, VTX005; CRV003 + .
    EDG004; VTX008, VTX010; CRV004 + .
    EDG005; VTX010, VTX011; CRV005 + .

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EDG006; VTX012, VTX011; CRV006 + .
EDG007; VTX014, VTX012; CRV007 + .
EDG008; VTX014, VTX015; CRV008 + .
EDG009; VTX017, VTX015; CRV009 + .
EDG010; VTX020, VTX018; CRV010 + .
EDG011; VTX022, VTX021; CRV011 + .
EDG012; VTX023, VTX022; CRV012 + .
EDG013; VTX023, VTX001; CRV013 + .
EDG014; ; CRV014 + .
EDG015; ; CRV015 + .
EDG016; ; CRV016 + .
EDG017; ; CRV017 + .
EDG018; ; CRV018 + .
EDG019; ; CRV019 + .
EDG020; ; CRV020 + .
EDG021; ; CRV021 + .
EDG022; ; CRV022 + .
EDG023; ; CRV023 + .
EDG024; ; CRV024 + .
EDG025; VTX039, VTX040; CRV025 + .
EDG026; VTX042, VTX040; CRV026 + .
EDG027; VTX045, VTX043; CRV027 + .
EDG028; VTX046, VTX048; CRV028 + .
EDG029; VTX048, VTX049; CRV029 + .
EDG030; VTX050, VTX049; CRV030 + .
EDG031; VTX052, VTX050; CRV031 + .
EDG032; VTX052, VTX053; CRV032 + .
EDG033; VTX055, VTX053; CRV033 + .
EDG034; VTX058, VTX056; CRV034 + .
EDG035; VTX060, VTX059; CRV035 + .
EDG036; VTX061, VTX060; CRV036 + .
EDG037; VTX061, VTX039; CRV037 + .
EDG038; ; CRV038 + .
EDG039; ; CRV039 + .
EDG040; VTX001, VTX039; CRV040 + .
EDG041; VTX002, VTX040; CRV041 + .
EDG042; VTX004, VTX042; CRV042 + .
EDG043; VTX005, VTX043; CRV043 + .
EDG044; VTX007, VTX045; CRV044 + .
EDG045; VTX008, VTX046; CRV045 + .
EDG046; VTX010, VTX048; CRV046 + .
EDG047; VTX011, VTX049; CRV047 + .
EDG048; VTX012, VTX050; CRV048 + .
EDG049; VTX014, VTX052; CRV049 + .
EDG050; VTX015, VTX053; CRV050 + .
EDG051; VTX017, VTX055; CRV051 + .
EDG052; VTX018, VTX056; CRV052 + .
EDG053; VTX020, VTX058; CRV053 + .
EDG054; VTX021, VTX059; CRV054 + .
EDG055; VTX022, VTX060; CRV055 + .
EDG056; VTX023, VTX061; CRV056 + .
EDG057; VTX004, VTX005; CRV001 + .
EDG058; VTX007, VTX008; CRV001 + .
EDG059; VTX017, VTX018; CRV008 + .

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EDG060; VTX020, VTX021; CRV008 + .
EDG061; VTX042, VTX043; CRV025 + .
EDG062; VTX045, VTX046; CRV025 + .
EDG063; VTX055, VTX056; CRV032 + .
EDG064; VTX058, VTX059; CRV032 + .

/END_EDGES
/VERTICES
    VTX001; PT001 .
    VTX002; PT002 .
    VTX004; PT004 .
    VTX005; PT005 .
    VTX007; PT007 .
    VTX008; PT008 .
    VTX010; PT010 .
    VTX011; PT011 .
    VTX012; PT012 .
    VTX014; PT014 .
    VTX015; PT015 .
    VTX017; PT017 .
    VTX018; PT018 .
    VTX020; PT020 .
    VTX021; PT021 .
    VTX022; PT022 .
    VTX023; PT023 .
    VTX026; PT026 .
    VTX028; PT028 .
    VTX030; PT030 .
    VTX032; PT032 .
    VTX034; PT034 .
    VTX036; PT036 .
    VTX038; PT038 .
    VTX039; PT039 .
    VTX040; PT040 .
    VTX042; PT042 .
    VTX043; PT043 .
    VTX045; PT045 .
    VTX046; PT046 .
    VTX048; PT048 .
    VTX049; PT049 .
    VTX050; PT050 .
    VTX052; PT052 .
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    VTX055; PT055 .
    VTX056; PT056 .
    VTX058; PT058 .
    VTX059; PT059 .
    VTX060; PT060 .
    VTX061; PT061 .
    VTX064; PT064 .
    VTX066; PT066 .
    VTX068; PT068 .
    VTX069; PT069 .
    VTX071; PT071 .
    VTX072; PT072 .
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/END_VERTICES
/END_TOPOLOGY
/GEOMETRY
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    SUR001; PLANE; UNV002; 0.0 .
    SUR002; CYLINDER; PT073; UNV003; 0.281 .
    SUR003; CYLINDER; PT074; UNV003; 0.281 .
    SUR004; CYLINDER; PT075; UNV003; 0.281 .
    SUR005; PLANE; UNV001; 3.812 .
    SUR006; PLANE; UNV002; 0.703 .
    SUR007; CYLINDER; PT076; UNV003; 0.500 .
    SUR008; PLANE; UNV001; 0.703 .
    SUR009; CYLINDER; PT077; UNV003; 0.281 .
    SUR010; CYLINDER; PT078; UNV003; 0.281 .
    SUR011; PLANE; UNV002; 5.000 .
    SUR012; PLANE; UNV001; 0.0 .
    SUR013; CYLINDER; PT079; UNV003; 0.500 .
    SUR014; CYLINDER; PT029; UNV002; 0.281 .
    SUR015; CYLINDER; PT033; UNV001; 0.203 .
    SUR016; CONE; PT080; UNV001; 0.707 .
    SUR017; CYLINDER; PT025; UNV003; 0.1405 .
    SUR018; PLANE; UNV003; 0.46875 .
    SUR019; CYLINDER; PT067; UNV003; 0.250 .
    SUR020; CYLINDER; PT027; UNV003; 0.1405 .
    SUR021; CYLINDER; PT070; UNV003; 0.250 .
    SUR022; PLANE; UNV003; 0.0 .
    SUR023; PLANE; UNV003; 0.500 .

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    CRV001; LINE; PT001; UNV001 .
    CRV002; CIRCLE; PT073; UNV003; PT002 .
    CRV003; CIRCLE; PT074; UNV003; PT005 .
    CRV004; CIRCLE; PT075; UNV003; PT010 .
    CRV005; LINE; PT010; UNV002 .
    CRV006; LINE; PT012; UNV001 .
    CRV007; CIRCLE; PT076; UNV003; PT012 .
    CRV008; LINE; PT014; UNV002 .
    CRV009; CIRCLE; PT077; UNV003; PT015 .
    CRV010; CIRCLE; PT078; UNV003; PT018 .
    CRV011; LINE; PT022; UNV001 .
    CRV012; LINE; PT023; UNV002 .
    CRV013; CIRCLE; PT079; UNV003; PT001 .
    CRV014; CIRCLE; PT025; UNV003; PT026 .
    CRV015; CIRCLE; PT027; UNV003; PT028 .
    CRV016; CIRCLE; PT029; UNV002; PT030 .
    CRV017; CIRCLE; PT031; UNV002; PT032 .
    CRV018; CIRCLE; PT033; UNV001; PT034 .
    CRV019; CIRCLE; PT035; UNV001; PT036 .
    CRV020; CIRCLE; PT037; UNV001; PT038 .
    CRV021; CIRCLE; PT067; UNV003; PT068 .
    CRV022; CIRCLE; PT067; UNV003; PT069 .
    CRV023; CIRCLE; PT070; UNV003; PT071 .
    CRV024; CIRCLE; PT070; UNV003; PT072 .
    CRV025; LINE; PT039; UNV001 .

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CRV026; CIRCLE; PT081; UNV003; PT040 .
CRV027; CIRCLE; PT082; UNV003; PT043 .
CRV028; CIRCLE; PT083; UNV003; PT048 .
CRV029; LINE; PT048; UNV002 .
CRV030; LINE; PT050; UNV001 .
CRV031; CIRCLE; PT084; UNV003; PT050 .
CRV032; LINE; PT052; UNV002 .
CRV033; CIRCLE; PT085; UNV003; PT053 .
CRV034; CIRCLE; PT086; UNV003; PT056 .
CRV035; LINE; PT060; UNV001 .
CRV036; LINE; PT061; UNV001 .
CRV037; CIRCLE; PT087; UNV003; PT039 .
CRV038; CIRCLE; PT063; UNV003; PT064 .
CRV039; CIRCLE; PT065; UNV003; PT066 .
CRV040; LINE; PT001; UNV003 .
CRV041; LINE; PT002; UNV003 .
CRV042; LINE; PT004; UNV003 .
CRV043; LINE; PT005; UNV003 .
CRV044; LINE; PT007; UNV003 .
CRV045; LINE; PT008; UNV003 .
CRV046; LINE; PT010; UNV003 .
CRV047; LINE; PT011; UNV003 .
CRV048; LINE; PT012; UNV003 .
CRV049; LINE; PT014; UNV003 .
CRV050; LINE; PT015; UNV003 .
CRV051; LINE; PT017; UNV003 .
CRV052; LINE; PT018; UNV003 .
CRV053; LINE; PT020; UNV003 .
CRV054; LINE; PT021; UNV003 .
CRV055; LINE; PT022; UNV003 .
CRV056; LINE; PT023; UNV003 .

/END_CURVES
/POINTS

PT001; 0.5, 0.0, 0.0 .
PT002; 1.22072, 0.0, 0.0 .
PT004; 1.77928, 0.0, 0.0 .
PT005; 2.34572, 0.0, 0.0 .
PT007; 2.90428, 0.0, 0.0 .
PT008; 3.312, 0.0, 0.0 .
PT010; 3.812, 0.5, 0.0 .
PT011; 3.812, 0.703, 0.0 .
PT012; 1.203, 0.703, 0.0 .
PT014; 0.703, 1.203, 0.0 .
PT015; 0.703, 1.67372, 0.0 .
PT017; 0.703, 2.23228, 0.0 .
PT018; 0.703, 3.17372, 0.0 .
PT020; 0.703, 3.73228, 0.0 .
PT021; 0.703, 5.0, 0.0 .
PT022; 0.0, 5.0, 0.0 .
PT023; 0.0, 0.5, 0.0 .
PT025; 0.406, 1.141, 0.0 .
PT026; 0.5465, 1.141, 0.0 .
PT027; 0.406, 4.641, 0.0 .
PT028; 0.5465, 4.641, 0.0 .

PT029; 2.062, 0.0, 0.25 .
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PT031; 2.062, 0.703, 0.25 .
PT032; 2.2025, 0.703, 0.25 .
PT033; 0.0, 2.703, 0.25 .
PT034; 0.0, 2.8045, 0.25 .
PT035; 0.664, 2.703, 0.25 .
PT036; 0.664, 2.8045, 0.25 .
PT037; 0.703, 2.703, 0.25 .
PT038; 0.703, 2.8435, 0.25 .
PT039; 0.5, 0.0, 0.5 .
PT040; 1.22072, 0.0, 0.5 .
PT042; 1.77928, 0.0, 0.5 .
PT043; 2.34572, 0.0, 0.5 .
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PT063; 0.406, 1.141, 0.5 .
PT064; 0.656, 1.141, 0.5 .
PT065; 0.406, 4.641, 0.5 .
PT066; 0.656, 4.641, 0.5 .
PT067; 0.406, 1.141, 0.46875 .
PT068; 0.5465, 1.141, 0.46875 .
PT069; 0.656, 1.141, 0.46875 .
PT070; 0.406, 4.641, 0.46875 .
PT071; 0.5465, 4.641, 0.46875 .
PT072; 0.656, 4.641, 0.46875 .
PT073; 1.500, -0.031, 0.0 .
PT074; 2.625, -0.031, 0.0 .
PT075; 3.312, 0.500, 0.0 .
PT076; 1.203, 1.203, 0.0 .
PT077; 0.734, 1.953, 0.0 .
PT078; 0.734, 3.453, 0.0 .
PT079; 0.500, 0.500, 0.0 .
PT080; 0.5625, 2.703, 0.250 .
PT081; 1.500, -0.031, 0.5 .
PT082; 2.625, -0.031, 0.5 .
PT083; 3.312, 0.500, 0.5 .
PT084; 1.203, 1.203, 0.5 .
PT085; 0.734, 1.953, 0.5 .
PT086; 0.734, 3.453, 0.5 .
PT087; 0.500, 0.500, 0.5 .

/END_POINTS
/UNIT_VECTORS

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UNV001; 1.0, 0, 0 .
UNV002; 0, 1.0, 0 .
UNV003; 0, 0, 1.0 .
/END_UNIT_VECTORS
/END_GEOMETRY
/END_PART_MODEL
```

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