SOCIETY FOR INFORMATION DISPLAY



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APPLICATIONS SEMINARS

MAY 19-21, 1998 ANAHEIM CONVENTION CENTER ANAHEIM, CALIFORNIA **APPLICATIONS SEMINARS**

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APPLICATIONS SEMINAR

A-4:

Flat-Panel Display Measurements and Standards

Edward F. Kelley* NIST, Gaithersburg, MD

Summary

Display metrology as applied to flat-panel displays (FPDs) will be discussed. Topics include the importance of proper set-up, expected measurement uncertainty vs. repeatability, and problems in making accurate light measurements. The role played by measurement diagnostics is considered, and the routine use of such diagnostics is encouraged. A review of the status of international display standards will be provided.

*Electricity Division, Electronics and Electrical Engineering Laboratory, Technology Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce. This is a contribution of the National Institute of Standards and Technology and is not subject to copyright.

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Flat Panel Display Measurements and Standards

Because of the explosive growth of the demand for electronic displays and competition within the display industry, there is an increasing need for well-defined display metrology. Good metrology is needed to level the playing field, so to speak, not only within a particular display technology, but also across technologies. For example, we want to be able to compare the contrast of one display with the contrast of another display in a meaningful way and not wonder how the measurement was made. The parameters that characterize the display should not depend upon who measures the display (to within the limits of the uncertainty of the measurements). Those who incorporate displays into their equipment need to be able to specify what they want in such a manner that there will be no argument as to whether a display meets the specifications or not. Nobody wants surprises, and companies that do a good job of manufacturing should have the metrological backing to prove the quality of their products. All these concerns require unambiguous metrology. In this seminar, we discuss several aspects of display metrology. We then provide a list of many of the associated standards activities for your further reference.

Display Metrology

Characterization of the display depends upon how the display is configured. How the display is configured depends upon the task for which it is to be used. How well the measurements are made depends upon how well the measurements *can* be made in addition to the methods, equipment, and skills employed. Good metrology depends upon a realistic expectation of the instrumentation performance, a sensitivity to diagnostics, and an understanding of the limits of the measurement apparatus.

Display Standards

Display standards can contain several categories of specifications. They can specify what to measure, how to measure, how to check or correct the measurement, and the compliance limits of acceptability of a measurement result. Many standards concern themselves with having displays meet a certain minimum of performance. These are performance or compliance standards, and they often must deal with ergonomic and psychophysical results to set the criteria of acceptance. Often standards avoid a thorough discussion of how to measure parameters and how to establish a confidence in the measurement result. In the following pages we provide a partial listing and contact information for display standards and related activities.

A final note: The Video Electronics Standards Association (VESA) has undertaken a project to compile a comprehensive document to address the needs of the specification of quality display metrology. The VESA Flat Panel Display Measurements Standard (FPDM) document attempts to fill the gaps where other standards may have less to say. Much of the document specifies how to make measurements and how to diagnose the measurements you make. All of the material of this seminar plus a great deal more is contained within the FPDM. It contains numerous diagnostics in the Metrology Section. The Technical Discussion Section contains tutorial information on photometry, colorimetry, and other topics.

ANSI — American National Standards Institute

http://www.ansi.org/

ANSI HFES-100

Human Factors and Ergonomics Society (HFES)

 Robert J. Beaton, Ph.D., CPE, Director, Displays and Controls Laboratory, Human Factors Engineering Center, 549 Whittemore Hall, Virginia Tech, Blacksburg, VA 24061-0118 USA, Phone: 540-231-8748, Fax: 540-231-3322, Email: bobb@vt.edu, Web: Office: http://bobb.dcl.vt.edu, Lab: http://www.dcl.vt.edu

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ANSI Projection Standards IT7.227 and IT7.228

Photographic and Imaging Manufacturers Association, Inc. (PIMA) IT-7 Committee Leon Shapiro, Chairman, NIDL, (609) 734-2527, lshapiro@sarnoff.com

Some other standards that may be of interest:

ANSI/SAE ARP 1782 Photometric and Colorimetric Measurement Procedures for Airborne Direct View CRT Displays

ANSI/SAE ARP 4102 Flight Deck Panels, Controls, and Displays (core document)

ANSI/SAE ARP 4102/7 Electronic Displays

ANSI/SAE ARP 4102/8 Flight Deck, Head-Up Displays

ANSI/SAE ARP 4032 Human Engineering Considerations in the Application of Color to Electronic Aircraft Displays

ANSI/SAE AS 8034 (R1989) Minimum Performance Standard for Airborne Multipurpose Electronic Displays

ANSI/SAE ARP 1068A Flight Deck Instrumentation, Display Criteria, and Associated Controls for Transport Aircraft

SAE ARP 1068B Flight Deck Instrumentation, Display Criteria and Associated Controls ANSI/SAE ARP 1874 Design Objectives for CRT Displays for Part 25 (Transport) Aircraft ANSI/SAE ARP 4067 Design Objectives for CRT Displays for Part 23 Aircraft

ANSI/SAE ARP 571C Flight Deck Controls and Displays for Communication and Navigation Equipment for Transport Aircraft

ANSI/SAE ARP 4155 Human Interface Design Methodology for Integrated Display Symbology

Publications of interest:

ANSI/NCSL Z540-2-1997 U.S. Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement, (American National Standards Institute/National Conference of Standards Laboratories), first edition, October 9, 1997.

ASTM — American Society for Testing and Materials

http://www.ansi.org/

Publications of interest:

ASTM Standards on Color and Appearance Measurement, Fifth edition, 1996. Sponsored by Committee E-12 on Appearance. This is a wonderful reference to have.

E284-95a Standard Terminology of Appearance

E1392-90 Standard Practice for Angle Resolved Optical Scatter measurements on Specular or Diffuse Surfaces.

There are some newer versions available:

ASTM E1455-96a Obtaining Colorimetric Data from a Visual Display Unit Using Tristimulus Colorimeters

ASTM E1336-96 Obtaining Colorimetric Data From a Visual Display Unit by Spectroradiometry

ASTM E1682-96 Modeling the Colorimetric Unit Properties of a Visual Display

CIE — Commission Internationale de l'Eclairage

(International Commission on Illumination) http://www.cie.co.at/cie/

TC2-42 Colorimetry of Displays

CIE Division 2 Web: http://nml.csir.co.za/~cie2 Dr. Andrew R. Hanson, Chair, also liaison officer to IEC/TC 100/PT 61966

Publications of interest:

CIE Publication No. 69, Methods of Characterizing Illuminance and Luminance Meters CIE Publication 17.4, International Lighting Vocabulary (1989)

CORM — Council for Optical Radiation Measurements

http://www.corm.org

EIA — Electronic Industries Association

Bernie Aronson, Director of Technical Programs Components Group, Email: baronson@eia.org http://www.eia.org/eng/default.htm

EIA JT-6 Committee on Color CRTs

Harry Swank, Chair, Thomson Consumer Electronics 1002 New Holland Ave., Lancaster, PA 17601 Phone: 717-295-2858, Fax: 717-295-6092, Email: swankh@tce.com

EIA JT-31 Committee on Optical Characteristics of Display Devices

George Ehemann, Chair, Thomson Consumer Electronics, 1002 New Holland Ave., Lancaster, PA 17601, Phone: 717-295-6216, Fax: 717-295-6092, Email: ehemanng@tce.com (Note: Standards previously within the purview of the inactive JT-20 committee have been transferred to JT-31).

Here are some older CRT documents:

EIA TEP105 Series, Industrial Cathode-Ray Tubes Test Methods (Feb., 1981) TEP116-C Optical Characteristics of Cathode Ray Tube Screens (Feb., 1993) EIA TEB25 A Survey Of Data-Display CRT Resolution Measurement Techniques (June, 1985) EIA TEP192 Glossary of Cathode-Ray Tube Terms and Definitions (Sept., 1984) EIA TEB27 Relating Display Resolution and Addressability (Sept., 1988) EIA TEB 24 Effect of Pulse Shape in Raster Dot Alpha-Numeric CRT Presentation on Spot Luminance and Luminance Distribution

EIAJ — Electronic Industries Association of Japan

www.eiaj.or.jp

Measuring Methods for Matrix Liquid Crystal Display Modules See: www.eiaj.or.jp

IEC — International Electrotechnical Committee http://www.iec.ch/

IEC/TC 100 Audio, Video and Multimedia Systems and Equipment SC100C Audio, Video and Multimedia Subsystems and Equipment WG6 Video imaging equipment and systems

PT 61947 Electronic Projection

Leon Shapiro, Leader, NIDL, (609) 734 – 2527, lshapiro@sarnoff.com

PT 61966 Colour Measurement and Management in Multimedia Systems and Equipment Hiroaki Ikeda, Convener/Project leader, Chiba University Email: ikeda@hike.te.chiba-u.ac.jp, Web: http://w3.hike.te.chiba-u.ac.jp/IEC/100/PT61966

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IEEE — Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers

www.ieee.org

IEEE 1140-1994 IEEE Standard for the Measurement of Electric and Magnetic Fields from Video Display Terminals (VDT) from 5 Hz to 400 kHz

ISO — International Organization for Standardization

United States Technical Advisory Group to the ISO Subcommittee for Ergonomics of Human System Interaction, Jim Williams, Chair US TAG to ISO/TC159/SC4, Bellcore, Piscataway, NJ, phone 732-699-5491, fax 732-336-2605, ergojim@earthlink.net http://www.iso.ch/

If it is difficult to connect to above site, try: http://133.82.181.177/ikeda/ISO/home.html

ISO documents are ordered through the member bodies for each participating country. For example, in the USA people would use ANSI (American National Standards Institute), 11 West 42nd Street, 13th floor, New York, N.Y. 10036, Telephone: + 1 212 642 49 00, Telefax: + 1 212 398 00 23, Internet: info@ansi.org.

ISO 13406 Part 2: "Ergonomic Requirements for the Use of Flat Panel Displays," ISO/TC 159/SC 4/WG 2, to be published (becoming a DIS at the time of this writing).

- ISO 9241 series: Ergonomic requirements for office work with visual display terminals (VDTs). Contact ISO: www.iso.ch/infoe/guide.html for specific ordering information. Here are the three of interest to display metrologists (TC 159 / SC 4):
- ISO 9241 Part 3 Visual display requirements

ISO 9241 Part 7 - Requirements for display with reflection

ISO 9241 Part 8 - Requirements for displayed colours.

The following may be of some interest:

ISO 8341:1989 Photography, Slide projectors and filmstrip projectors -- Illumination test

ISO 9767:1990 Photography, Overhead projectors -- Methods for measuring and reporting performance characteristics

ISO 11314:1995 Photography, Projectors -- Image size/projection distance calculations

- ISO 2910:1990 Cinematography, Screen luminance for the projection of motion-picture prints in indoor theatres and review rooms
- ISO 12608:1996 Cinematography, Room and surround conditions for evaluating television display from telecine reproduction

Publication of interest:

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ISO Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement, (International Organization for Standardization), 1995.

NIDL — National Information Display Laboratory

NIDL Publication No. 171795-036, Display Monitor Measurement Methods Under discussion by EIA Committee JT-20.

Part 1: Monochrome CRT Monitor Performance, Draft Version 2.0, July 12, 1995. NIDL Publication No. 171795-037, Display Monitor Measurement Methods under Discussion by EIA (Electronic Industries Association) Committee JT-20.

Part 2: Color CRT Monitor Performance, Draft Version 2.0, July 12, 1995.

SAE — Society of Automotive Engineers

400 Commonwealth Dr., Warrendale, PA 15096-0001 http://www.sae.org/PRODSERV/STANDARD/standard.htm

ARP4260 — Photometric and Colorimetric Measurement Procedures for Airborne Flat **Panel Displays.**

Subcommittee of the SAE A-20 Aircraft Lighting Committee http://www.sae.org/PRODSERV/STANDARD/standard.htm 10

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SMPTE — Society of Motion Picture and Television Engineers

595 W. Hartsdale Ave., White Plains, NY 10607-1824 U.S.A. tel: +1 914 761 1100 / fax: +1 914 761 3115, e-mail: smpte@smpte.org Web: http://www.smpte.org/

SMPTE Standard 170M-1994 "Television - Composite Analog Video Signal - NTSC for **Studio Applications**"

Other SMPTE standards that may be of interest:

SMPTE RP 12-1997 Screen Luminance for Drive-In Theaters

SMPTE RP 185-1995 Classification of Projection Depth of Focus

SMPTE RP 167-1995 Alignment of NTSC Color Picture Monitors

SMPTE RP 145-1994 SMPTE C Color Monitor Colorimetry

SMPTE RP 166-1995 Critical Viewing Conditions for Evaluation of Color Television Pictures SMPTE RP 27.1-1989 Specification for Operational Alignment Test Pattern for Television SMPTE RP 38.1-1989 Specifications for Deflection Linearity Test Pattern for Television SMPTE RP 27.5-1989 Specifications for Mid-Frequency Response Test Patterns for Television SMPTE RP 133-1991 Specifications for Medical Diagnostic Imaging Test Patterns for

Television Monitors and Hard Copy Recording Cameras SMPTE RP 94-1993 Gain Determination of Front Projection Screens SMPTE RP 95-1994 Installation of Gain Screens

SMPTE 196M-1995 Motion -Picture Film -Indoor Theater and Review Room Projection -Screen Luminance and Viewing Conditions

 SMPTE RP 98-1995 Measurement of Screen Luminance in Theaters
SMPTE RP 51-1995 Screen Luminance and Viewing Conditions for 8-mm Review Rooms
SMPTE RP 59-1995 Color and Luminance of Review Room Screens for Viewing Motion-Picture Materials Intended for Slides or Film Strips

VESA — Video Electronics Standards Association

www.vesa.org

FPDM — Flat Panel Display Measurements Standard

Edward F. Kelley, Chair, NIST, Tech. A53, Gaithersburg, MD 20899, USA Phone: 301-975-3842, Fax: 301-926-3534, Email: kelley@eeel.nist.gov Michael D. Grote, Vice Chair, NIDL (National Information Display Laboratory) Phone: 609-734-2506, Email: mgrote@sarnoff.com

VESA has been working on several FPD interface standards that may be of interest.

Other Publications of Interest:

- Günter Wyszecki and W. S. Stiles, *Color Science: Concepts and Methods, Quantitative Data* and Formulae, 2nd Edition (1982, John Wiley & Sons). This is a classic reference work packed with information.
- Peter A. Keller, *Electronic Display Measurement: Concepts, Techniques, and Instrumentation* (John Wiley & Sons in association with the Society for Information Display, 1997).
- Flat-Panel Displays and CRTs (Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York, 1985) Lawrence T. Tannas, Jr., editor,
- Yoshihiro Ohno, *Photometric Calibrations*, NIST Special Publication 250-37, U.S. Department of Commerce, National Institute of Standards and Technology, July 1997. This publication contains the details on how calibrations are made in photometry and describes the subtleties in the use of the instrumentation with a complete uncertainty analysis.
- Barry N. Taylor and Chris E. Kuyatt, Guidelines for Evaluating and Expressing the Uncertainty of NIST Measurement Results, NIST Technical Note 1297, 1994 Edition.

Barry N. Taylor, Guide for the Use of the International System of Units (SI), NIST Special Publication 811, 1995 Edition.

Some Abbreviations & Acronyms Associated with Display Industry:

Some web sites for finding acronyms:

http://www.onelook.com/

http://www.mtnds.com/af/

http://www.ict.etsi.fr/abrev.htm

http://www.techweb.com/encyclopedia/

http://www.ucc.ie/info/net/acronyms/acro.html

http://www.sematech.org/member/division/its/acronyms/acr_menu.htm

http://userpage.fu-berlin.de/~oheiabbd/veramain-e.cgi

http://www.sbri.com/a.htm

To find a national laboratory in most countries see: http://www.nist.gov/oiaa/national.htm

ACATS...... Advisory Committee on Advanced Television Service (advisory committee created by the FCC in 1987)

AEA American Electronics Association

ALARA as low as reasonably achievable

AMLCD active matrix liquid crystal display

ANSI American National Standards Institute

ARPA Advanced Research Projects Agency (formerly DARPA)

ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials

ATSC Advanced Television Systems Committee

ATTC Advanced Television Test Center (created by broadcasting companies and industry organizations in 1988 to test proponent advanced television transmission systems. Alexandria, VA)

ATV advanced television

- B-ISDN Broadband Integrated Services Digital Networks
- BIPM...... Bureau International des Poids et Mesures (International Bureau of Weights and Measures)
- BRDF bidirectional reflectance distribution function
- BSDF...... bidirectional scattering distribution function
- BTDF bidirectional transmittance distribution function
- CATV..... cable TV
- CCD charge coupled device
- CCIR International Radio Consultative Committee (an organ of the International Telecommunication Union charged with studying technical and operating questions relating to radio services, including broadcasting, and issuing recommendations on the questions)
- CCITT International Telephone and Telegraph Consultative Committee (an organ of the International Telecommunications Union charged with studying and issuing recommendations on technical, operating and tariff questions relating to telecommunications services other than radio communications services)

CCPR Consultatif Comité de Photométric et Radiométrie (Consultative Committee of
Photometry and Radiometry) CCT correlated color temperature
CD committee draft
CEN Comité Européen de Normalisation (European Standards Committee)
CENELEC. European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
CGPM Conférence Générale des Poids et Mesures (General Conference of Weights and
Measures)
CIE Commission Internationale de l'Eclairage (International Commission on
CIPM Comité International des Poids et Mesures (International Committee for Weights
and Measures)
COHRS Committee on High Resolution Systems
CORM Council for Optical Radiation Measurements
CSF contrast sensitivity function
CSL Computer Standards Laboratory
DAB digital audio broadcasting
DARPA Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency
DIN Deutsches Institut für Normung (German Institute for Standardization)
DIS draft international standard
DPI dots per inch
DSRC David Sarnoff Research Center
DUT display under test
EC European Community
EEC European Economic Community (often use EC above as substitute)
EFTA European Free Trade Association
EIA Electronic Industries Association
EIAJ Electronic Industries Association of Japan
EL electroluminescent display
ESFedge spread function
FED field emission display
FCC Federal Communications Commission
FPD flat panel display
FPDM Flat Panel Display Measurements Standard (VESA)
HDTV high definition television
HRIhigh resolution imaging
HRIS high resolution information systems
IEEE Institute of Electronics and Electrical Engineers
IEC International Electrotechnical Commission
ISO International Organization for Standardization
IS&T Society for Imaging Science and Technology
ITU International Telecommunication Union (a specialized United Nations agency)
JNDjust noticeable difference
JTjoint technical committee
LCDliquid-crystal display
LMD light measuring device (in VESA FPDM)

LSFline spread function
MAC Multiple Analog Component (the family of standards proposed by the EC for
television transmission in EC member countries)
MPCD mean perceptible color difference
MPR
MTF
MUSE Multiple Sub-Nyquist Sampling Encoding System (Japanese HDTV system) NAB
NIDL
NIST
NPL
NRC National Research Council (Canada)
NRLM National Research Laboratory of Metrology (Japan)
NTIA National Telecommunications and Information Administration
NTSC National Television System Committee
OSTP Office of Science and Technology Policy (part of the Executive Office of the
President)
OTF optical transfer function PIMA Photographic and Imaging Manufacturers Association
PD plasma display
PSF point spread function
PT project team
PTB Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt (Federal Physical Technical Institute
[Germany])
SAE Society of Automotive Engineers
SI Système International d'Unités (International System of Units)
SID Society for Information Display
SMPTE Society of Motion Picture and Television Engineers SPIE International Society for Optical Engineering (Society of Photo-Optical
Instrumentation Engineers)
SSI Swedish National Institute of Radiation Protection
STN super twisted nematic (liquid crystal)
TAG technical advisory group
TC technical committee
TEPAC Tube Engineering Panel Advisory Council (for EIA)
TEB TEPAC Engineering Bulletin TEP
TFT thin film transistor
TN twisted nematic (liquid crystal)
USDC United Sates Display Consortium
USNC US National Committee of the IEC
VESA Video Electronics Standards Association (vee'-suh)
VDTvideo display terminal
VDUvideo display unit
WG working group

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Other Websites of Interest:

http://www.osa.org/	Optical Society of America	
http://www.spie.org/	International Society for Optical Engineering	
http://optics.org/	Photonics Resource Center (SPIE)	
http://www.imaging.org/	Society for Imaging Science and Technology (I	S&T)
http://www.sid.org/	Society for Information Display	5001)
http://www.ieee.org/	Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers	Ref. S.
http://www.nist.gov/	National Institute of Standards and Technology	11 - P
http://physics.nist.gov/Divis		. i .
	Optical Technology Division, NIST	1.31
http://www.boulder.nist.gov		1.0 19.
	Optoelectronics Division, NIST	1991×
http://www.eeel.nist.gov/81	1/eitg/eit docs/fpdlab.html	h_{i} (Σ).
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